

# NATIONAL REPORT ON THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE RAMSAR CONVENTION ON WETLANDS

National Reports to be submitted to the 12<sup>th</sup> Meeting of the Conference of the Contracting Parties, Uruguay, 2015

Please submit the completed National Report in Microsoft Word format (.doc, 97-2003), as an electronic file (not a printed copy) and preferably by e-mail, to Alexia Dufour, Regional Affairs Officer, Ramsar Secretariat (<a href="dufour@ramsar.org">dufour@ramsar.org</a>) by 1 September 2014.

## The structure of the COP12 National Report Format

The COP12 National Report Format (NRF) is in four sections:

**Section 1** provides the institutional information about the Administrative Authority and National Focal Points for the national implementation of the Convention.

**Section 2** is a 'free-text' section in which the Party is invited to provide a summary of various aspects of national implementation progress and recommendations for the future.

**Section 3** provides the 66 implementation indicator questions, grouped under each Convention implementation strategy in the Strategic Plan 2009-2015, and with an optional 'free-text' section under each indicator question in which the Contracting Party may, if it wishes, add further information on national implementation of that activity.

**Section 4** is an optional annex to allow any Contracting Party that so wishes to provide additional information regarding any or all of its Wetlands of International Importance (Ramsar Sites).

General guidance for completing and submitting the COP12 National Report Format

## IMPORTANT – PLEASE READ THIS GUIDANCE SECTION BEFORE STARTING TO COMPLETE THE NATIONAL REPORT FORMAT

- 1. All Sections of the COP12 NRF should be completed in one of the Convention's official languages (English, French, Spanish).
- 2. The deadline for submission of the completed NRF is **1 September 2014**. It will not be possible to include information from National Reports received after that date in the analysis and reporting on Convention implementation to COP12.
- All fields with a pale yellow background \_\_\_\_\_\_ are free-text fields in which to provide additional information, if the Contracting Party so wishes. Although providing information in these fields is optional, Contracting Parties are encouraged to provide such additional information wherever possible and relevant, as it helps us understand Parties' progress and activity more fully, to prepare the best possible global and regional implementation reports to COP.
- 5. The Format is created as a form in Microsoft Word. You are only able to submit replies and information in the yellow or green boxes, as all other parts of the form are locked to ensure that the structure and wording of indicators will remain uniform and comparable for all Parties.
- 6. To select a yellow or green field you wish to complete, move the cursor over the relevant part of the form and left-click the mouse. The cursor will automatically move to the next field available.
- 7. To move down through the sequence of fields, you can also use the 'Tab' key on the computer keyboard.

- 8. For a 'free-text' field, you can type in whatever information you wish. Note that there is only limited facility within the Microsoft 'form' format to make editorial changes in the 'free-text' box once text has been entered. Therefore, if you wish to amend any of the text you have put in a green or yellow 'free-text' box, you should cut and paste the existing text into a separate document, make all the amendments, and then cut and paste the revised text back into the box.
- 9. Certain keyboard characters interfere with the automatic entry of data into the Secretariat's database. For that reason, please **do not use double quote marks ""** in the 'free-text' fields. Please **only use single quote marks "**. For the same reason, please **only use simple text in the 'free-text' fields**: they cannot accept formatting, colours or objects such as tables and images.
- 10. For each of the 'indicator questions' in Section 3, a drop-down menu of answer options is provided. These vary between indicators, depending on the question, but are generally of the form: 'Yes', 'No', 'Partly', 'In progress'. This is necessary so that statistical comparisons can be made of the replies.
- 11. For each indicator question you can choose only one answer. If you wish to provide further information or clarification, do so in the green additional information box below the relevant indicator question. Please be as concise as possible (maximum of 500 words in each free-text box).
- 12. To select an answer to an indicator question, use the Tab key, or move the cursor over the relevant yellow box and left-click the mouse. The drop-down menu of answer options will appear. Left-click the mouse on the answer option you choose, and this will appear in the centre of the yellow box.
- 13. An NRF is not usually completed by one person alone: for many indicators it is best for the principal compiler to consult with colleagues in their agency and others within the government and, as appropriate, with NGOs and other stakeholders who might have fuller knowledge of aspects of the Party's overall implementation of the Convention. The principal compiler can save the document at any point and return to it later to continue or to amend answers. Compilers should refer back to the National Report submitted for COP11 to ensure the continuity and consistency of information provided.
- 14. After each session, **remember to save the file** in Microsoft Word, .doc, 97-2003 format. A recommended filename structure is: COP12NRF [Country] [date], for example: COP12NRFSpain13July2014.doc
- 15. After the NRF has been completed, please send it in this format to Alexia Dufour, Regional Affairs Officer, Ramsar Convention Secretariat, preferably by e-mail (dufour@ramsar.org).
- 16. The completed NRF must be accompanied by a letter or e-mail message in the name of the Head of Administrative Authority, confirming that this is the Contracting Party's official submission of its COP12 National Report.
- 17. If you have any questions or problems, please contact the Ramsar Secretariat for advice (email as above).

## NATIONAL REPORT TO RAMSAR COP12

## SECTION 1: INSTITUTIONAL INFORMATION

Important note: the responses below will be considered by the Ramsar Secretariat as the definitive list of your focal points, and will be used to update the information it holds. The Secretariat's current information about your focal points is available at <a href="https://www.ramsar.org/contacts\_en">www.ramsar.org/contacts\_en</a>.

## NAME OF CONTRACTING PARTY: BOTSWANA

**DESIGNATED RAMSAR ADMINISTRATIVE AUTHORITY** 

Name of Administrative

**Authority:** 

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL AFFAIRS

**Head of Administrative** 

Authority - name and title:

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DESIGNATED NON-GOVERNMENT NATIONAL FOCAL POINT FOR MATTERS RELATING TO THE PROGRAMME ON COMMUNICATION, EDUCATION, PARTICIPATION AND AWARENESS (CEPA)

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Chief Executive Officer

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# SECTION 2: GENERAL SUMMARY OF NATIONAL IMPLEMENTATION PROGRESS AND CHALLENGES

A. What have been the five most successful aspects of implementation of the Convention?

REMINDER: Please do not use double quote marks " ": use single quotes ' ' instead.

	In v	your country	, in the	past triennium (	(i.e., si	ince COP11	reporting	1):
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	1) implementing of the Makgadikgadi Framework Management Plan
	2) listing of the Okavango Delta as a world Heritage site
	3) annual commemorations of the World Wetlands Days
	4) Implementation of the project on conservation of biodiversity in the Chobe-Kwando- Linyanti wetland systems which are part of the Zambezi River Basin within the Global Environment Facility.
	5)
E	3. What have been the five greatest difficulties in implementing the Convention?
	<ol> <li>limited financial resources to comprehensively implement the okavango Delta Management plan and the Makgadikgadi Wetlands framework Management Plan</li> </ol>
	2)
	3)
	4)
	5)
(	C. What are the five priorities for future implementation of the Convention?
	listing of additional Sites
	2) integration of all management plans dealing with wetlands
	3) continue implementation of the ODMP
	4) continue implementation of the MFMP
	5)
	D. Do you (AA) have any recommendations concerning implementation assistance from the Ramsar Secretariat?
	the Secretariat
E	E. Do you (AA) have any recommendations concerning implementation assistance from the Convention's International Organisation Partners (IOPs)? (including ongoing partnerships and partnerships to develop)
	NONE
F	F. How can national implementation of the Ramsar Convention be better linked with

implementation of other multilateral environmental agreements (MEAs), especially those in the 'biodiversity cluster' (Ramsar, Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD), Convention on Migratory Species (CMS), CITES, and World Heritage Convention), and UNCCD and

UNFCCC?

the Government of Botswana has developed the Multi-lateral Environmental Agreements Implementation strategy with the objective of enhancing MEA implementation through coordinated efforts and establishing synergies. it is hoped that this initiative will streamline MEA implementation and better report on the performance of the country in meeting MEA obligations.

G. How can implementation of the Ramsar Convention be better linked with the implementation of water policy/strategy and other strategies in the country (e.g., on sustainable development, energy, extractive industries, poverty reduction, sanitation, food security, biodiversity)?

through mainstreaming wetlands conservation into key strategies such as the ones mentioned above, the concept of wise-use should be more pronounced as the best vehicle for conserving wetlands, actually this is one of the main strengths of the Convention, the message of preservation which tends to remove the utilissation aspect is the one that leads to conervation failures.

- H. Do you (AA) have any other general comments on the implementation of the Convention?

  NONE
- I. Please list the names of the organisations which have been consulted on or have contributed to the information provided in this report:

Department of Water Affairs OKACOM

Makgadikgai Wetlands Management Committee

## SECTION 3: INDICATOR QUESTIONS AND FURTHER IMPLEMENTATION INFORMATION

## **REMINDER:** Guidance for completing this section

1.	For each	ch 'indicato	r question',	please sel	lect one	answer	from the	'drop-down'	list in the	yellow
	box.									

- 2. If you wish to add any additional information on a specific indicator, please provide this information in the green 'free-text' boxes below the indicator questions.
- 3. If you wish to amend any of the text you have put in a green 'free-text' box, you should cut and paste the existing text into a separate file, make the amendments, and then cut and paste the revised text back into the green box.
- 4. Some characters used in the free text box prevent the automatic data entry into our database National Reports. For that reason, please do not use double quote marks "" in the free text boxes. Use single quotes ''. Text in the 'free text' boxes should be simple text only: they cannot accept formatting, colours or objects such as tables and images.
- 5. To help Contracting Parties refer to relevant information they provided in their National Report to COP11, for each appropriate indicator a cross-reference is provided to the equivalent indicator(s) in the COP11 NRF, shown thus: {x.x.x}
- 6. Where appropriate, a cross-reference is also provided to the relevant Key Result Area (KRA) relating to Contracting Parties implementation in the Strategic Plan 2009-2015.
- 7. Only Strategic Plan 2009-2015 Strategies and KRAs for which there are significant implementation actions for Contracting Parties are included in this reporting format; those parts of the Strategic Plan that do not refer directly to Parties are omitted.

## **GOAL 1. THE WISE USE OF WETLANDS**

**STRATEGY 1.1 Wetland inventory and assessment**. Describe, assess and monitor the extent and condition of all types of wetlands as defined by the Ramsar Convention and wetland resources at relevant scales, in order to inform and underpin implementation of the Convention, in particular in the application of its provisions concerning the wise use of all wetlands.

1.1.1 Does your country have a comprehensive National Wetland Inventory? {1.1.1} KRA 1.1.i

A - Yes

1.1.1 Additional information:

.....

1.1.2 Is wetland inventory data and information maintained and made accessible to all stakeholders? {1.1.2} KRA 1.1.ii

A - Yes

1.1.2 Additional information:

the information is availed through the Environmental Information System (EIS) and the Okavango Delta Information System

- 1.1.3 Has the condition\* of wetlands in your country, overall, changed since the last triennium? {1.1.3}
  - a) Ramsar Sites
  - b) wetlands generally

Please comment on the sources of the information on which your answer is based in the green free- text box below. If there is a difference between inland and coastal wetland situations, please describe. If you are able to, please describe the principal driver(s) of the change(s).

- \* 'Condition' corresponds to ecological character, as defined by the Convention
- a) O No change
- b) O No change

1.1.3 Additional information on a) and/or b):

though the conservation and preservation efforts of the country, the wetlands have not been deteriorated nor have they experienced any major impacts.

**STRATEGY 1.3 Policy, legislation and institutions.** Develop and implement policies, legislation, and practices, including growth and development of appropriate institutions, in all Contracting Parties, to ensure that the wise use provisions of the Convention are being effectively applied.

1.3.1 Is a National Wetland Policy (or equivalent instrument) in place? {1.3.1} KRA 1.3.i

B - No

(If 'Yes', please give the title and date of the policy in the green text box)

1.3.1 Additional information:

the National Water policy is currently in draft form

- 1.3.2 Have wetland issues been incorporated into other national strategies and planning processes, including:
  - a) Poverty eradication strategies
  - b) Water resource management and water efficiency plans
  - c) Coastal and marine resource management plans
  - d) National forest programmes
  - e) National strategies for sustainable development
  - f) National policies or measures on agriculture
  - g) National Biodiversity Strategy and Action Plans drawn up under the CBD

{1.3.3} KRA 1.3.i

- a) A Yes
- b) A Yes
- C)
- Z Not applicable
- d) A Yes
- e) A Yes
- f) A Yes
- g) A Yes

1.3.2 Additional information:

.......

1.3.3 Are Strategic Environmental Assessment practices applied when reviewing policies, programmes and plans that may impact upon wetlands? {1.3.4} KRA 1.3.ii

A - Yes

1.3.3 Additional information:

SEA is a legal requirement as per the Environmental Assessment and Audits Act of 2011 for projects, programmes; policies and plans

1.3.4 Are Environmental Impact Assessments made for any development projects (such as new buildings, new roads, extractive industry) that may affect wetlands,? {1.3.5} KRA 1.3.iii

A - Yes

1.3.4 Additional information:

project specific EIAs are a requirement before any development can take place

1.3.5 Have any amendments to existing legislation been made to reflect Ramsar commitments? {1.3.6}

B - No

1.3.5 Additional information:

.....

**STRATEGY 1.4:** Cross-sectoral recognition of wetland services. Increase recognition of and attention in decision-making to the significance of wetlands for reasons of biodiversity conservation, water supply, coastal protection, integrated coastal zone management, flood defence, climate change mitigation and/or adaptation, food security, poverty eradication, tourism, cultural heritage, and scientific research, by developing and disseminating methodologies to achieve wise use of wetlands.

1.4.1 Has an assessment been made of the ecosystem benefits/services provided by Ramsar Sites? {1.4.1} KRA 1.4.ii

A - Yes

1.4.1 Additional information:

the Economic Valuation of the Okavango Delta Ramsar Site was carried out in 2006. during the preparation of the Makgadikgadi Framework Management Plan, an economic valuation for the site was carried out

the project document preparation phase of the biodiversity conservation project in the Chobe-Kwando-Linyanti wetland system, an economic valuation was undertaken for the wetland system

1.4.2 Have wetland programmes or projects that contribute to poverty alleviation objectives or food and water security plans been implemented? {1.4.2} KRA 1.4.i

A - Yes

1.4.2 Additional information:

Ngamiland Community Based Natural Resources Management Action Plan has been developed as part of the ODMP based on the utilisation of resources of the Okavango Delta Ramsar Site

Biokavango project worked with some communities in the Okavango Delta Ramsar site to improve their livelihoods in the fields of basketry and fisheries management Southern African Regional Environment Programme is implementing livelihoods programmes within the Ramsar Site to improve livelihoods of rural communities

1.4.3 Have socio-economic and cultural values of wetlands been included in the management planning for Ramsar Sites and other wetlands? {1.4.4} KRA 1.4.iii

A - Yes

1.4.3 Additional information (If 'Yes' or 'Partly', please indicate, if known, how many Ramsar Sites and their names):

incorporated in the development of the Okavango Delta Management plan in addition, culture was a strong aspect of the Makgadikgadi Framework Management Plan

the development of the biodiversity conservation project in the Chobe Kwando Linyanti wetland system is geared at improving rural livelihoods

**STRATEGY 1.5** Recognition of the role of the Convention. Raise the profile of the Convention by highlighting its capacity as a unique mechanism for wetland ecosystem management at all levels; promote the usefulness of the Convention as a possible implementation mechanism to meet the goals and targets of other global conventions and processes.

1.5.1 Since COP11, have you brought the 'Changwon Declaration' (Resolution X.3) to the attention of your:

a. head of state

b. parliament

c. private sector

d. civil society {1.5.2}

a. B - No

b. B-No

c. D - Planned

d. D - Planned

1.5.1 Additional information:

. . . . . . . . . .

**STRATEGY 1.6 Science-based management of wetlands.** Promote successful implementation of the wise use concept by ensuring that national policies and wetland management plans are based on the best available scientific knowledge, including technical and traditional knowledge.

1.6.1 Has research to inform wetland policies and plans been undertaken in your country on:

a. agriculture-wetland interactions

b. climate change

c. valuation of ecoystem services {1.6.1} KRA 1.6.i

a. A - Yes

b. A - Yes

c. A - Yes

## 1.6.1 Additional information:

there is an ongoing study on flood recession farming in terms of its contribution to livelihoods and climate change impact on the system

1.6.2 Have all wetland management plans been based on sound scientific research, including research on potential threats to the wetlands? {1.6.2} KRA 1.6.ii

A - Yes

## 1.6.2 Additional information:

the preparation of the Management plan was centred on an integrative approach which ensured that all issues are incorporated in the management plan

**STRATEGY 1.7 Integrated Water Resources Management.** Ensure that policies and implementation of Integrated Water Resources Management (IWRM), applying an ecosystem-based approach, are included in the planning activities in all Contracting Parties and in their decision-making processes, particularly concerning groundwater management, catchment/river basin management, coastal and nearshore marine zone planning and climate change mitigation and/or adaptation activities.

1.7.1 Do your country's water governance and management systems treat wetlands as natural water infrastructure integral to water resource management at the scale of river basins? {1.7.2} KRA 1.7.ii

A - Yes

#### 1.7.1 Additional information:

within the auspices of the Permanent Okavango river Basin Commission an Environmental Flows Assessment was done to inform on the impact of different development scenarios on the basin

1.7.2 Have Communication, Education, Participation and Awareness (CEPA) expertise and tools been incorporated into catchment/river basin planning and management (see Resolution X.19)? {1.7.3}

A - Yes

## 1.7.2 Additional information:

this has been incorporated in the National environment Education strategy Action Plan which will be used to guide and direct dissemination of environmental education including that mentioned above

1.7.3 Has your country established policies or guidelines for enhancing the role of wetlands in mitigating or adapting to climate change? {1.7.5} KRA 1.7.iii

C - Partly

## 1.7.3 Additional information:

incorporated in the Draft Wetlands Policy

1.7.4 Has your country formulated plans or projects to sustain and enhance the role of wetlands in supporting and maintaining viable farming systems? {1.7.6} KRA 1.7.v

C - Partly

#### 1.7.4 Additional information:

there is an on-going research on flood recession farming in the Okavango Delta. more work is required for other wetland systems especially the Chobe-Kwando-Linyanti river systems

**STRATEGY 1.8 Wetland restoration.** *Identify priority wetlands and wetland systems where restoration or rehabilitation would be beneficial and yield long-term environmental, social or economic benefits, and implement the necessary measures to recover these sites and systems.* 

1.8.1 Have priority sites for wetland restoration been identified? {1.8.1} KRA 1.8.i

B - No

## 1.8.1 Additional information:

at the moment, the wetlands in Botswana are still in a pristine condition and as such there is no need to restore them. this is because of the stance taken by the country to not only conserve but protect our wetlands

1.8.2 Have wetland restoration/rehabilitation programmes or projects been implemented? {1.8.2} KRA 1.8.i

B - No

1.8.2 Additional information: not applicable currently

**STRATEGY 1.9 Invasive alien species.** Encourage Contracting Parties to develop a national inventory of invasive alien species that currently and/or potentially impact the ecological character of wetlands, especially Ramsar Sites, and ensure mutual supportiveness between the national inventory and IUCN's Global Register on Invasive Species (GRIS); develop guidance and promote procedures and actions to prevent, control or eradicate such species in wetland systems.

1.9.1 Does your country have a comprehensive national inventory of invasive alien species that currently or potentially impact the ecological character of wetlands? {1.9.1} KRA 1.9.i

C - Partly

### 1.9.1 Additional information:

the country has some inventory of the invasive alien species that impact on the ecological character of wetlands. the department of Water Affairs is documenting the invasive alien species as well as trying to come up with means to control this problem.

1.9.2 Have national policies or guidelines on invasive species control and management been established for wetlands? {1.9.2} KRa 1.9.iii

C - Partly

## 1.9.2 Additional information:

the Department of Water Affairs in collaboration with the private sector is implementing a programme to control aquatic weeds and invasive species

**STRATEGY 1.10 Private sector.** Promote the involvement of the private sector in the conservation and wise use of wetlands.

1.10.1 Is the private sector encouraged to apply the Ramsar wise use principle and guidance (Ramsar handbooks for the wise use of wetlands) in its activities and investments concerning wetlands? {1.10.1} KRA 1.10.i

A - Yes

a. A - Yes

1.10.1 Additional information:

the concepts of wise use of wetlands is mainstreamed into the tourism sector through the implementation of the EAA Act where companies are required to invest in environmentally sound management strategies

- 1.10.2 Has the private sector undertaken activities or actions for the wise use and management of:
- a. Ramsar Sites

b. Wetlands in general b. A - Yes

{1.10.2} KRA 1.10.ii

1.10.2 Additional information:

private sector is currently actively involved in the control if Salvina Molesta which is an aquatic invasive species

the Botswana Eco-tourism certification programme is being implemented to ensure that the tourism industry is voluntarily adhering to the best environment standards

**STRATEGY 1.11: Incentive measures.** Promote incentive measures that encourage the application of the wise use provisions of the Convention.

1.11.1 Have actions been taken to implement incentive measures which encourage the conservation and wise use of wetlands? {1.11.1} KRA 1.11.i

D - Planned

- 1.11.1 Additional information:
- 1.11.2 Have actions been taken to remove perverse incentive measures which discourage conservation and wise use of wetlands? {1.11.2} KRA 1.11.i

D - Planned

1.11.2 Additional information:

. . . . . . . . . .

## **GOAL 2. WETLANDS OF INTERNATIONAL IMPORTANCE**

**Note**: An optional Annex (Section 4) to this COP12 National Report Format is provided so that a Contracting Party, if it so wishes, can also provide additional information separately on each of its designated Wetlands of International Importance (Ramsar Sites).

REMINDER: In 'free-text' boxes please do not use double quotes ""; use single quotes '' instead.

**STRATEGY 2.1 Ramsar Site designation.** Apply the 'Strategic Framework and guidelines for the future development of the List of Wetlands of International Importance' (Handbook 14, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition).

2.1.1 Have a national strategy and priorities been established	
for the further designation of Ramsar Sites, using the	
Strategic Framework for the Ramsar List? {2.1.1} KRA 2.1.i	
O.A.A.A.d.littaryal.informations	

C - Partly

2.1.1 Additional information:

.....

2.1.2 How many Ramsar Site designations are planned for the next triennium (2015-2018)? {2.1.4} KRA 2.1.iii

2 sites

2.1.2 Additional information (If possible, please indicate the name(s) of the Site(s) and anticipated year of designation):

the country is in the process of preparing the Makgadikgadi wetlands and the Chobe wetlands to be listed with Ramsar.

**STRATEGY 2.2 Ramsar Site information.** Ensure that the Ramsar Sites Information Service . . . is available and enhanced as a tool for guiding the further designation of wetlands for the List of Wetlands of International Importance and for research and assessment, and is effectively managed by the Secretariat.

2.2.1 Are the Ramsar Sites Information Service and its tools being used in national identification of further Ramsar Sites to designate? {2.2.1} KRA 2.2.ii

D - Planned

2.2.1 Additional information:

. . . . . . . . . .

**STRATEGY 2.3 Management planning - new Ramsar Sites.** While recognizing that Ramsar Site designation can act as a stimulus for development of effective site management plans, generally encourage the philosophy that all new Ramsar Sites should have effective management planning in place before designation, as well as resources for implementing such management.

2.3.1 Have all sites being prepared for Ramsar designation (2.1.2 above) had adequate management planning processes established? {2.3.1} KRA 2.3.i

A - Yes

2.3.1 Additional information:		
STRATEGY 2.4 Ramsar Site ecological character. Maintain the ecologic	cal character of all des	ianated
Ramsar Sites, through planning and management.		
2.4.1 How many Ramsar Sites have a management plan? {2.4.1} KRA 2.4.i	1 sites	
2.4.2 For how many of the Ramsar Sites with a management plan is the plan being implemented? {2.4.2} KRA 2.4.i	1 sites	
2.4.3 For how many Ramsar Sites is a management plan currently being prepared? {2.4.3} KRA 2.4.i	0 sites	
2.4.1 – 2.4.3 Additional information:		
2.4.4 How many Ramsar Sites have a cross-sectoral		
management committee? {2.4.6} KRA 2.4.iv	1 sites	
2.4.4 Additional information (If at least 1 site, please give the name and o site or sites):	official number of the	
the Okavango Delta		
2 4 5 For how many Ramsar Sites has an ecological character		

**STRATEGY 2.5 Ramsar Site management effectiveness.** Review all existing Ramsar Sites to determine the effectiveness of management arrangements, in line with the 'Strategic Framework and guidelines for the future development of the List of Wetlands of International Importance'.

2.4.5 Additional information (If at least 1 site, please give the name and official number of the

description been prepared? {2.4.7} KRA 2.4.v

site or sites):

the Okavango Delta

2.5.1 Have any assessments of the effectiveness of Ramsar Site management been made? {2.5.1} KRA 2.5.i	B - No
2.5.1 Additional information (If 'Yes' or 'Some sites', please indicate the yand the source of the information):	ear of assessment

STRATEGY 2.6 Ramsar Site status. Monitor the condition of Ramsar Sites and address negative changes in their ecological character, notify the Ramsar Secretariat of changes affecting Ramsar Sites, and apply the Montreux Record, if appropriate, and Ramsar Advisory Mission as tools to address problems.

2.6.1 Are mechanisms in place for the Administrative Author to be informed of negative human-induced changes of likely changes in the ecological character of Ramsar Sites, pursuant to Article 3.2? {2.6.1} KRA 2.6.i	•	A - Yes
2.6.1 Additional information (If 'Yes' or 'Some sites', please summa mechanisms established):	arise th	ne mechanism or
2.6.2 Have all cases of negative human-induced change or likely change in the ecological character of Ramsar Sites been reported to the Ramsar Secretariat, pursuant to Article 3.2? {2.6.2} KRA 2.6.i	Z - N	No negative change
2.6.2 Additional information (If 'Yes' or 'Some cases', please indicated the Administrative Authority has made Article 3.2 reports to the Sesites such reports of change or likely change have not yet been m	ecretar	
2.6.3 If applicable, have actions been taken to address the issues for which Ramsar Sites have been listed on the Montreux Record, including requesting a Ramsar Advisory Mission? {2.6.3} KRA 2.6.ii	)	Z - Not applicable
2.6.3 Additional information (If 'Yes', please indicate the actions tal	ken):	

STRATEGY 2.7 Management of other internationally important wetlands. Appropriate management and wise use achieved for those internationally important wetlands that have not yet been formally designated as Ramsar Sites but have been identified through domestic application of the Strategic Framework or an equivalent process.

2.7.1 Has the ecological character of internationally important wetlands not yet designated as Ramsar Sites been maintained? {2.7.1} KRA 2.7.i

A - Yes

## 2.7.1 Additional information:

the implementation of the Makgadikgadi Framework Management Plan will ensure the ecological integrity of this wetland

the biochobe project will contribute to the conservation and improved management of the Chobe-Kwando-Linyanti wetland systems especially biodiveristy conservation

## **GOAL 3. INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION**

Note: in 'free-text' boxes please do not use double quotes " ": use single quotes ' ' instead.

**STRATEGY 3.1 Synergies and partnerships with MEAs and IGOs.** Work as partners with international and regional multilateral environmental agreements (MEAs) and other intergovernmental agencies (IGOs).

3.1.1 Are the national focal points of other MEAs invited to participate in the National Ramsar/Wetland Committee? {3.1.2} KRAs 3.1.i & 3.1.iv

C - Partly

3.1.1 Additional information:

this is done through the MEA coordination Committee. however, the MEA CC has not had meetings lately

3.1.2 Are mechanisms in place at the national level for collaboration between the Ramsar Administrative Authority and the focal points of UN and other global and regional bodies and agencies (e.g. UNEP, UNDP, WHO, FAO, UNECE, ITTO)? {3.1.3} KRA 3.1.iv

A - Yes

3.1.2 Additional information:

it is anticpated that the listing of the Okavango Delta as a world heritage site will lead enhancement of the collaboration and synergies in the implementation of the two international frameworks

**STRATEGY 3.2 Regional initiatives.** Support existing regional arrangements under the Convention and promote additional arrangements.

3.2.1 Have you (AA) been involved in the development and implementation of a Regional Initiative under the framework of the Convention? {3.2.1} KRA 3.2.i

B - No

3.2.1 Additional information (If 'Yes' or 'Planned', please indicate the regional initiative(s) and the collaborating countries of each initiative):

.......

3.2.2 Has your country supported or participated in the development of other regional (i.e., covering more than one country) wetland training and research centres?

{3.2.2}

A - Yes

3.2.2 Additional information (If 'Yes', please indicate the name(s) of the centre(s): Botswana is the host of the OKACOM secretariat

**STRATEGY 3.3 International assistance.** Promote international assistance to support the conservation and wise use of wetlands, while ensuring that environmental safeguards and assessments are an integral component of all development projects that affect wetlands, including foreign and domestic investments.

3.3.1 [For Contracting Parties with a development assistance agency only ('donor countries')]: Has the agency provided funding to support wetland conservation and management in other countries? {3.3.1} KRA 3.3.i	Z - Not applicable
3.3.1 Additional information (If 'Yes', please indicate the countries support	orted since COP11):
0.00 (Fee Ocates the a Postine with a development assistance	
3.3.2 [For Contracting Parties with a development assistance agency only ('donor countries')]: Have environmental safeguards and assessments been included in development proposals proposed by the agency? {3.3.2} KRA 3.3.ii	Z - Not applicable
3.3.2 Additional information:	
2.2.2 [For Contracting Parties that have received development	
3.3.3 [For Contracting Parties that have received development assistance only ('recipient countries')]: Has funding support been received from development assistance agencies specifically for in-country wetland conservation and management? {3.3.3}	Z - Not applicable
3.3.3 Additional information (If 'Yes', please indicate from which countries COP11):	es/agencies since
TRATEGY 3.4 Sharing information and expertise. Promote the sharin oncerning the conservation and wise use of wetlands.	g of expertise and inf
3.4.1 Have networks, including twinning arrangements, been established, nationally or internationally, for knowledge sharing and training for wetlands that share common features? {3.4.1}	C - Partly

3.4.2 Has information about your country's wetlands and/or Ramsar Sites and their status been made public (e.g., through publications or a website)? {3.4.2} KRA 3.4.iv

involved):

.....

3.4.1 Additional information (If 'Yes' or 'Partly', please indicate the networks and wetlands

A - Yes

3.4.2 Additional information:	
this has been done through the Environmental Information system Okavango Delta Informatiom system	m and the
3.4.3 Has information about your country's wetlands and/or Ramsar Sites been transmitted to the Ramsar Secretariat for dissemination? {3.4.3} KRA 3.4.ii	C - Partly
3.4.3 Additional information:	
STRATEGY 3.5 Shared wetlands, river basins and migratory species. cooperation for the management of shared wetlands and hydrological basin monitoring and management of shared wetland-dependent species.	
monitoring and management of shared wetland-dependent species.	
3.5.1 Have all transboundary wetland systems been identified?	
{3.5.1} KRA 3.5.i	A - Yes
3.5.1 Additional information:	
3.5.2 Is effective cooperative management in place for shared wetland systems (for example, in shared river basins and coastal zones)? {3.5.2} KRA 3.5.ii	C - Partly
3.5.2 Additional information (If 'Yes' or 'Partly', please indicate for which such management is in place):	wetland systems
OKACOM, Zambezi River commission, Orange Sequ River Com TFCA	mission, KAZA
3.5.3 Does your country participate in regional networks or initiatives for wetland-dependent migratory species? {3.5.3} KRA 3.5.iii	D - Planned
3.5.3 Additional information:	

## **GOAL 4. IMPLEMENTATION CAPACITY**

Note: in 'free-text' boxes please do not use double quotes " ": use single quotes ' ' instead.

**STRATEGY 4.1 CEPA.** Support, and assist in implementing at all levels, where appropriate, the Convention's Communication, Education, Participation and Awareness Programme (Resolution X.8) for promoting the conservation and wise use of wetlands through communication, education, participation and awareness (CEPA) and work towards wider awareness of the Convention's goals, mechanisms, and key findings.

nd awaren ey findings	ess (CEPA) and work towards wider awareness of the Convent	tion's goals, mechan
<u> </u>		
	s an action plan (or plans) for wetland CEPA been ablished? {4.1.1} KRA 4.1.i	
b) c)	At the national level Sub-national level Catchment/basin level Local/site level	<ul><li>a) A - Yes</li><li>b) B - No</li><li>c) A - Yes</li><li>d) A - Yes</li></ul>
obje	en if no CEPA plans have been developed, if broad CEPA ectives for CEPA actions have been established, please indicate in the Additional information section below)	
abo	ditional information (If 'Yes' or 'In progress' to one or more of the ve, for each please describe the mechanism, who is responsible and olved CEPA NFPs):	
	w many centres (visitor centres, interpretation centres, ucation centres) have been established? {4.1.2} KRA ii	
a)	at Ramsar Sites	a) 0 centres
b)	at other wetlands	b) 0 centres
4.1.2 Ad des	ditional information (If centres are part of national or internationa cribe the networks):	I networks, please
	es the Contracting Party:	
a)	promote stakeholder participation in decision-making on wetland planning and management	a) A - Yes
b)	specifically involve local stakeholders in the selection of new Ramsar Sites and in Ramsar Site management?	b) C - Partly

{4.1.3} KRA 4.1.iii

**4.1.3** Additional information (If 'Yes' or 'Partly', please provide information about the ways in which stakeholders are involved):

public consultation meetings, inter Ministerial Multi-Lateral Agreements Committee

4.1.4 Has an assessment of national and local training needs for the implementation of the Convention been made? {4.1.4} KRAs 4.1.iv & 4.1.viii	B - No
4.1.4 Additional information:	
	Number of
4.1.5 How many opportunities for wetland site manager training have been provided since COP11? {4.1.5} KRA 4.1.iv	opportunities:
a) at Ramsar Sites	a) 0
b) at other wetlands	b) 0
4.1.5 Additional information (including whether the Ramsar Wise Use Hain the training):	andbooks were used
4.1.6 Do you have an aparational gross sectoral National	
4.1.6 Do you have an operational cross-sectoral National Ramsar/Wetlands Committee or equivalent body? {4.1.6} KRA 4.3.v	D - Planned
4.1.6 Additional information (If 'Yes', indicate a) its membership; b) numbership; b) numbership	per of meetings since
COP11; and c) what responsibilities the Committee has):	
this will be in the guide of the MEA corrdinating committee where	e all conventions
will report to on the progress of their implementation	
4.1.7 Are other communication mechanisms (coart from a	
4.1.7 Are other communication mechanisms (apart from a national committee) in place to share Ramsar	
implementation guidelines and other information between the Administrative Authority and:	
a) Ramsar Site managers	a) A - Yes
b) other MEA national focal points	b) A - Yes
c) other ministries, departments and agencies	c) C - Partly
{4.1.7} KRA 4.1.vi	
4.1.7 Additional information (If 'Yes' or 'Partly', please describe what men place):	chanisms are in
the Okavango Wetlands Management Committee provides for collaboration within the district on the implementation of the	e convention.
collaboration within the district on the implementation of the Synergies in terms of communication has been established	e convention. d with structures
collaboration within the district on the implementation of the Synergies in terms of communication has been established responsible for the implementation of the Convention on B	e convention. d with structures
collaboration within the district on the implementation of the Synergies in terms of communication has been established	e convention. d with structures
collaboration within the district on the implementation of the Synergies in terms of communication has been established responsible for the implementation of the Convention on B	e convention. d with structures
collaboration within the district on the implementation of the Synergies in terms of communication has been established responsible for the implementation of the Convention on B at National Level.  4.1.8 Have Ramsar-branded World Wetlands Day activities	e convention. d with structures
collaboration within the district on the implementation of the Synergies in terms of communication has been established responsible for the implementation of the Convention on B at National Level.  4.1.8 Have Ramsar-branded World Wetlands Day activities (whether on 2 February or at another time of year), either	e convention. d with structures
collaboration within the district on the implementation of the Synergies in terms of communication has been established responsible for the implementation of the Convention on B at National Level.  4.1.8 Have Ramsar-branded World Wetlands Day activities	e convention. d with structures iological Diversity

4.1.9 Have campaigns, programmes, and projects (other than for World Wetlands Day-related activities) been carried out since COP11 to raise awareness of the importance of wetlands to people and wildlife and the ecosystem benefits/services provided by wetlands? {4.1.9}	A - Yes
4.1.9 Additional information (If these and other CEPA activities have been other organizations, please indicate this):	n undertaken by

**STRATEGY 4.2 Convention financial capacity.** Provide the financial resources necessary for the Convention's governance, mechanisms and programmes to achieve the expectations of the Conference of the Contracting Parties, within the availability of existing resources and by the effective use of such resources; explore and enable options and mechanism for mobilization of new and additional resources for implementation of the Convention.

<ul><li>4.2.1</li><li>a) Have Ramsar contributions been paid in full for 2012, 2013 and 2014? {4.2.1} KRA 4.2.i</li></ul>	A - Yes				
b) If 'No' in 4.2.1 a), please clarify what plan is in place to ensure future prompt payment:					
4.2.2 Has any additional financial support been provided through voluntary contributions to non-core funded Convention activities? {4.2.2} KRA 4.2.i	B - No				
4.2.2 Additional information (If 'Yes' please state the amounts, and for which activities):					

STRATEGY 4.3 Convention bodies' effectiveness. Ensure that the Conference of the Contracting Parties, Standing Committee, Scientific and Technical Review Panel, and Secretariat are operating at a high level of efficiency and effectiveness to support the implementation of the Convention.

4.3.1 Have you (AA) used your previous Ramsar National Reports in monitoring implementation of the Convention? {4.3.1} KRA 4.3.ii

A - Yes

**4.3.1** Additional information (If 'Yes', please indicate how the Reports have been used for monitoring):

**STRATEGY 4.4 Working with IOPs and others.** *Maximize the benefits of working with the Convention's International Organization Partners (IOPs\*) and others.* 

4.4.1 Has your country received assistance from one or more of the Convention's IOPs in its implementation of the Convention? {4.4.1} KRA 4.4.iii

A - Yes

**4.4.1** Additional information (If 'Yes' please name the IOP (or IOPs) and the type of assistance received):

Birdlife botswana monitors birds in key wetlands of the country on an annual basis

4.4.2 Has your country provided assistance to one or more of the Convention's IOPs? {4.4.2} KRA 4.4.iii

A - Yes

**4.4.2** Additional information (If 'Yes' please name the IOP (or IOPs) and the type of assistance provided):

Birldlife has been capacitated to monitor wetlands birds so that the data can be input into the EIS

<sup>\*</sup> The IOPs are: BirdLife International, the International Water Management Institute (IWMI), IUCN (International Union for Conservation of Nature), Wetlands International, and WWF International.