

# National planning tool for the implementation of the Ramsar Convention on Wetlands

(And the approved format for National Reports to be submitted for the 8<sup>th</sup> Meeting of the Conference of the Contracting Parties, Spain, 2002)

file 1

# **Institutional information**

Contracting Party: RUSSIA

Full name of designated Ramsar Administrative Authority: MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURSES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

Name and title of the head of the designated Ramsar Administrative Authority:

Mailing address and contact details of the head of the institution: 4/6, B.GRUZINSKAYA Str., Moscow, D-242, GSP-5, 123995

Telephone: (095) 254-48-00

Facsimile: (095) 254-43-10/254-66-10

Email: admin@mnr.gov.ru

Name and title (if different) of the designated national focal point (or "daily contact" in the Administrative Authority) for Ramsar Convention matters:

Mailing address and contact details of the national focal point:

Telephone: (095) 254-15-65 Facsimile: (095) 254-82-83 Email: mzly@mnr.gov.ru

Name and title of the designated national focal point for matters relating to the Scientific and Technical Review Panel (STRP): ALEXANDER LEONIDOVICH MISCHENKO ALL-RUSSIAN SCIENTIFIC RESEAARCH INSTITUTE FOR NATURE PROTECTION

Mailing address and contact details of the national STRP focal point:

113628, MOSCOW, ZNAMENSKOE-SADKI

Telephone: (095) 423-84-44

Facsimile: 423-03-22

Email: almos@redro.msc.ru

Name and title of the designated national government focal point for matters relating to the Outreach Programme of the Ramsar Convention:

Mailing address and contact details of the national focal point:

Telephone: Facsimile: Email:

Name and title of the designated national non-government (NG)) focal point for matters relating to the Outreach Programme of the Ramsar Convention: KAMENNOVA IRINA EUGENIEVNA, TECNICAL PROGRAMME OFFICER WETLANDS INTERNATIONAL RUSSIA PROGRAMME

Mailing address and contact details of the national focal point: 109240 RUSSIA.

MOSCOW NIKOLOYAMSKAYA 19 BLD.3 WETLANDS INTERNATIONAL RUSSIA PROGRAMME

Telephone: (095) 727-09-39 Facsimile: (095) 727-09-38 Email: ikamennova@wwf.ru

Note – Not all actions from the Convention Work Plan 2000-2002 are included here, as some apply only to the Bureau or Conferences of the Contracting Parties. <u>As a result, the numbering system that follows contains some gaps corresponding to those actions that have been omitted.</u>

ηηη

#### GENERAL OBJECTIVE 1

TO PROGRESS TOWARDS UNIVERSAL MEMBERSHIP OF THE CONVENTION Operational Objective 1.1: To endeavour to secure at least 150 Contracting Parties to the Convention by 2002.

#### **Actions – Global Targets**

1.1.1 Recruit new Contracting Parties, especially in the less well represented regions and among states with significant and/or transboundary wetland resources (including shared species), [CPs, SC regional representatives, Bureau, Partners]

- The gaps remain in Africa, central Asia, the Middle East and the Small Island Developing States. Refer to Recommendation 7.2 relating to Small Island Developing States.
- Global Target 150 CPs by COP8
- These are the countries which at present are not CPs of the Convention: Afghanistan, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Azerbaijan, Barbados, Benin, Bhutan, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Brunei Darussalam, Burundi, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Cook Islands, Cuba, Cyprus, Democratic Republic of Korea, Djibouti, Dominica, Dominican Republic, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Grenada, Guyana, Haiti, Holy See, Iraq, Kazakhstan, Kiribati, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Republic, Lesotho, Liberia, Libya, Maldives, Marshall Islands, Mauritius, Federated States of Micronesia, Mozambique, Myanmar, Nauru, Nigeria, Niue, Oman, Palau, Qatar, Republic of Moldova, Rwanda, St Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, St Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, San Marino, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Sudan, Swaziland, Tajikistan, Tonga, Turkmenistan, Tuvalu, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania,

n the

Uzbekistan, Vanuatu, Yemen, Zimbabwe.

Is your country a neighbor of, or does it have regular dealings or diplomatic-level dialogue with, one or more of the non-Contracting Parties listed above? (This list was correct as of January 2000. However, accessions to the Convention occur on a regular basis and you may wish to check with the Ramsar Bureau for the latest list of non-CPs.) Yes If No, go to Action 1.1.2.

If **Yes**, have actions been taken to encourage these non-CPs to join the Convention? **Yes** 

If **Yes**, have these actions been successful? **Please elaborate**.

RUSSIA IS A NEIGHBOUR OR HAS REGULAR CONTACTS WITH A NUMBER OF STATES FROM THE LIST: AZERBAIJAN, KAZAKHSTAN, KYRGIZSTAN, TURKMENISTAN, REPABLIC OF MOLDOVA, UZBEKISTAN.

THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION INITIATED DISCUSSION OF THE QUESTION DURING THE INTERGOVERNMENTAL ECOLOGICAL COUNSIL OF THE CIS COUNTRIES.

RUSSIA INVITES REPRESENTATIVES FROM THE CIS STATES TO THE MEETINGS ON CONVENTION ISUES. FOR EXAMPLE, THEY TOOK PART IN THE NATIONAL WETLAND CONFERENCE "STRATEGY FOR WETLAND CONSERVATION IN THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION" IN 1999 YEAR AND INTERNATIONAL WORKSHOP "PROBLEMS OF PEATLAND CONSERVATION AND WISE USE IN RUSSIA". WE EXCHANGE MATERIALS IN RUSSIAN LANGUAGE ON WETLAND INVENTORY, CONSERVATION AND WISE USE. THE MATERIALS ON WETLANDS OF THE NORTH KAZAKHSTAN WILL BE PUBLISHED AS A RESULT OF WWF PROJECT.

WETLANDS INTERNATIONAL RUSSIA OFFICE INVOLVED IN THE CAIF (CENTRAL ASIA-INDIAN FLYWAY) ACTIVITIES AND ASIAN WETLAND INVENTORY PROJECT DEVELOPMENT

If No, what has prevented such action being taken? Please elaborate.

Proposed national actions and targets: The development of Russia's participation in international activities on wetland conservation should be based on the following points:

Fulfilment of international obligations deriving from Russia being a party to international agreements and a member of international nature conservation organisations

It is necessary to reach the following goals:

to provide the fulfilment of obligations on the Ramsar Convention, including
resolutions, recommendations, and decisions of the meetings of the Conference of
Contracting Parties, the Standing Committee, and the Ramsar Bureau;
<del></del>
fulfilment of international obligations in the field of nature conservation;
to promote participation of the administrative regions of the Russian Federation is fulfilment of international obligations in the field of nature conservation;

Tto provide the efficient intersectoral co-ordination on the national level in order to

bilateral conventions on the conservation of migratory birds and their habitats;

fulfil international obligations on nature conservation, including issues of the Ramsar Convention, other global and regional conservation treaties, as well as participation in work of international organisations to reach common goals and solve common objectives; on the first stage, preparation of reports and system of managing information resources should be harmonised;
☐ to inform interested national organisations about the decisions concerning wetland conservation made in the frames of international organisations and conventions; to translate corresponding materials and documents into Russian;
☐ to use international experience to provide harmonisation of the environmental legislation, planning and regulation of nature management, to promote public education and professional training in the field of wetland conservation.
Optimisation of the system of Russia's international co-operation in the field of wetland conservation, taking national interests into account
Problems to solve are as follows:
<b>□</b> to participate in the European Union on Conservation of Shore Zones;
<b>■</b> to accelerate the collaboration with Scandinavian and other West European countries;
☐to prepare basin agreements with Baltic countries, the Ukraine, Belorussia, and Transcaucasia countries;
☐to prepare agreements on transboundary wetlands: Gulf of Finland (with Finland and Estonia); Pskovsko-Chudskaya Lowland (with Estonia); Sebezh lake system (with Belorussia and Latvia); Kurschsky Gulf (with Lithuania);
☐to prepare a quinquelateral agreement on the conservation of the Caspian Sea;
☐to prepare an agreement with Kazakhstan on using transboundary rivers;
☐ to discuss conditions for Russia to join the Agreement on the Conservation of African-Eurasian Migratory Waterbirds and to sign the Agreement after the respective corrections are made.
Using every way of international co-operation as possible to attract investments into the conservation and sustainable management of wetlands and their components in Russia
Taking the peculiarities of the transitional period into account, the problems are as follows:
☐to inform international organisations and the world community about what is really done and what is planned in the conservation of wetlands and migratory water and shore animals;
☐to stimulate initiatives on participation of Russia in agreements, organisations, and programmes through the substantiation of contributions in kind in lieu of contributions in cash, revealing possibilities of ecoconversion of debts, and using environmental credits;
☐ to provide an effective co-operation with international agencies and financial organisations and, thus, an access to international experience and resources, in order to fulfil obligations in the frames of international conventions and agreements concerning

the conservation of wetlands and their components;
☐to use possibilities and financial resources of international donors to solve nationally important problems;
☐ to accelerate the efficiency of joint projects that concern solving the problems of wetland conservation and to further apply positive results;
☐ to prepare guidelines on using the existing environmental assessment procedures and other means of nature conservation in the process of implementation of international investment projects in territories that embody wetlands.
Acceleration of Russia's participation in international agreements and organisations
It is necessary to solve the following problems:
☐to accelerate the participation of Russia in regional and international activities concerning transboundary territories, migration routes of water birds, problems of indigenous peoples leading traditional lives, establishment of twin territories, etc.;
☐to prepare and put forward at the Conference of the Contracting Parties to the Ramsar Convention a proposal of Russia concerning adoption of resolutions and recommendations;
☐to widen participation of Russia in activities of the Ramsar Convention in neighbouring areas of Europe, Asia, and North America;
☐to work out international legislative documents and joint management plans, to establish bilateral and multilateral co-ordinating bodies on transboundary wetlands, river basins and shore zones; on migratory species of water and shore animals;
☐to provide participation of Russia and its' administrative regions in international congresses, as well as in working organs of international organisations
(THE STRATEGY FOR WETLAND CONSERVATION IN THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION)
Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action:  MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURSES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

- 1.1.2 Promote membership of Ramsar through regional meetings and activities, and through partners' regional offices. [SC regional representatives, Bureau, Partners]
- These efforts are to continue and to focus on the above priority regions and the Small Island Developing States.
- The current member and permanent observer States of the Standing Committee are Algeria, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Costa Rica, France, India, Japan, Mexico, Netherlands, Norway, Slovak Republic, Spain, Switzerland, Togo, Trinidad & Tobago, and Uganda

Is your country a member of the Standing Committee? No If No, go to Action 2.1.1.

If **Yes**, have actions been taken to encourage the non-CPs from your region or subregion to join

the Convention? Yes/No
If <b>Yes</b> , have these actions been successful? Please elaborate.
If <b>No</b> , what has prevented such action being taken? Please elaborate.
Proposed national actions and targets:
Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action:

ηηη

# **GENERAL OBJECTIVE 2** TO ACHIEVE THE WISE USE OF WETLANDS BY IMPLEMENTING AND FURTHER DEVELOPING THE RAMSAR WISE USE GUIDELINES

Operational Objective 2.1: To review and, if necessary, amend national or supra-national (e.g., European Community) legislation, institutions and practices in all Contracting Parties, to ensure that the Wise Use Guidelines are applied.

### **Actions - Global and National Targets**

- 2.1.1 Carry out a review of legislation and practices, and indicate in National Reports to the COP how the Wise Use Guidelines are applied. [CPs]
- This remains a high priority for the next triennium. The Guidelines for reviewing laws and institutions (Resolution VII.7) will assist these efforts.
- Global Target For at least 100 CPs to have comprehensively reviewed their laws and institutions relating to wetlands by COP8.

Has your country **completed** a review of its laws and institutions relating to wetlands? **Yes** 

If **No**, what are the impediments to this being done? Please elaborate.

If a review is **planned**, what is the expected timeframe for this being done?

If the review has been **completed**, did the review result in amendments to laws or institutional arrangements to support implementation of the Ramsar Convention? Yes

If No, what are the impediments to these amendments being completed? Please elaborate.

If Yes, and changes to laws and institutional arrangements were made, please describe these briefly. THIS ACTIVITY IS ONGOING IN THE COMISSIOM ON ECOLOGY OF THE STATE DUMA FEDERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION WITH ASSISTANCE OF THE WETLANDS INTERNATIONAL RUSSIA PROGRAMME. THE RESULTS WILL BE RECEIVED IN THE NEAREST FUTURE.

IN JANUARY 2002 THE ACTIVITY ON "WETLAND PROTECTION LAW" DEVELOPMENT WAS STARTED. THE LAW WILL BE WORKED OUT ON THE BEASE OF THE EXISTING LAWS: ON ENVIRONMENT PROTECTION; WATER, EARTH AND FOREST CODES.

Proposed national actions and targets: Activities on the development of legislation in the field of wetland conservation and wise use comprise the following strategic points:
☐ to analyse the existing legislation in the field of wetland conservation and wise use; to establish an information and analytical base for all the priority directions;
☐ to expand legal practice in the field of wetland conservation and sustainable use, to publicise positive experience in applying legal rules, to prepare official comments on the legislation, working out and implementing proposals to improve the procedure of the state environmental impact assessment of bills, to organise seminars to exchange experience and refresher courses;
☐ to improve and update the existing legislation in terms of wetland conservation and sustainable use; to prepare a Governmental Decree of the Russian Federation that would determine general requirements to nature management in wetlands of international importance;
☐to prepare a Federal Law on Wetlands.
Improving and updating the legislation currently in force:
The Forest Cadaster of the Russian Federation should be improved as follows:
☐to specify status and regime of forest management in zones of water protection;
☐ to co-ordinate conservation regimes in water protection zones and forest protection zones;
☐to prohibit clear cuttings in shoreline forests.
Legislation on economic mechanisms of nature conservation and land use should be improved as follows:
☐ to improve the tax policy, in particular the introduction of economic incentives and disincentives to promote sustainable use of wetlands and to restrict economic efficiency of non-sustainable nature management; tax remissions for funds transferred to wetland conservation;
☐to improve the system of rates for the use of nature resources as well as for standard and excessive impact on wetlands;
☐ to determine conditions of insurance, compensations of damage done, compensation fees to provide conservation and sustainable use of wetlands;
granting preferential terms of lease, stimulating investments, activities, and technologies that provide conservation and sustainable use of wetlands;
☐ to include issues of wetland conservation and sustainable use in the Land Cadaster of the Russian Federation that is being worked out, in the Federal Law "On Conservation of Natural Environment" as well as in other legal rules being prepared, in particular in documents determining the procedure of the environmental impact assessment.
Preparation of the Federal Law "On Wetlands":

The special Federal Law "On Wetlands" should develop the following principles:
<b>Complex approach based on the basin principle that takes specific features of wetlands into account;</b>
☐ federalism, i.e. consecutive development of interactions between federal and regional authorities;
The text of the law should include the following statements:
national legislative definition of the term 'wetland'; definitions of the status of internationally, federally, and other important wetlands; procedures of designating and establishing them:
☐description of regimes of nature management;
☐Wetland Cadaster: its' objectives, importance, procedure of developing and updating;
☐demarcation of tenure rights on wetlands; mechanism of interactions between the Russian Federation and its' administrative regions;
☐ economic mechanism to provide sustainable nature management on wetlands; legislative support of traditional ways of nature management performed by indigenous peoples and conservation of their environment;
☐ legislative provision of actual participation of local communities in making economic decisions and a guarantee to support health and well-being of people living in a wetland or in the vicinity, as well as to protect monuments of cultural, religious, and aesthetic importance.
THE STRATEGY OF WETLAND CONSERVATION IN THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION (POINT 4)
Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action: THE

2.1.2 Promote much greater efforts to develop national wetland policies, either separately or as a clearly identifiable component of other national conservation planning initiatives, such as National Environment Action Plans, National Biodiversity Strategies, or National Conservation Strategies. [CPs, Bureau, Partners]

STATE DUMA OF THE FEDERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

- The development and implementation of National Wetland Policies continues to be one of the highest priorities of the Convention, as does the integration of wetland conservation and wise use into broader national environment and water policies. The Guidelines for developing and implementing National Wetland Policies (Resolution VII.6) will assist these efforts.
- Global Target By COP8, at least 100 CPs with National Wetland Policies or, where appropriate, a recognized document that harmonizes all wetland-related policies/strategies and plans, and all CPs to have wetlands considered in national environmental and water policies and plans. The Guidelines for integrating wetland conservation and wise use into river basin management (Resolution VII.18) will assist these efforts.

Does your country have **in place** a National Wetland Policy (or similar instrument) which is a comprehensive statement of the Government's intention to implement the provisions of the Ramsar Convention? Yes

If **No**, what are the impediments to this being put in place? Please elaborate.

If the development of such a Policy is **planned**, what is the expected timeframe for this being done?

Has your country taken its obligations with respect to the Ramsar Convention into consideration in related policy instruments such as National Biodiversity Strategies, National Environmental Action Plans, Water Policies, river basin management plans, or similar instruments? Ves

If No, what are the impediments to doing so? Please elaborate.

If Yes, please provide brief details. THE EXISTING LEGISLATION GIVES AN OPPORTUNITY OF MEETING THE OBLIGATIONS UNDER THE RAMSAR CONVENTION.

THE STRATEGY FOR WETLAND CONSERVATION IN THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION CARRIES THE MAIN POINTS OF THE POLICY ON MEETING THE OBLIGATIONS UNDER THE RAMSAR CONVENTION. THE DOCUMENT IS TO BE AGREED WITH THE FEDERAL AUTHORITIES AND NON-GOVERNMENTAL NATURE PROTECTIVE ORGANIZATIONS.

THREE CHAPTERS OF THE NATIONAL STRATEGY ON BIODIVERSITY CONSERVATION IN RASSIA ARE DEVOTED TO WETLANDS PROBLEMS: "THE SEA AND COASTAL ECOSYSTEMS", FRASHWATER ECOSYSTEMS, MIRES ECOSYSTEMS (CHAPT. 52.2.5., 52.2.6. AND 52.2.7.THE WORK IS IN PROCESS ON THE ACTION PLAN DEVELOPMENT.

Has your government reviewed and modified, as appropriate, its policies that adversely affect intertidal wetlands (COP7 Resolution VII.21)? No

If No, what has prevented this from happening? TIDAL SONE POLICY IS NOT A PRIORITY FOR THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION. RUSSIA DOESN'T REALY DEVELOPS ACTIVITIES IN THE TIDAL SONE AND TIDAL TERRITORIES ARE NOT UNDER HEAVY IMPACT OF HUMAN ACTIVITY.

If **Yes**, what were the conclusions of this review? and what actions have been taken subsequently?

Proposed national actions and targets: **DEVELOPING OF THE MATERIALS WHICH CARRY INFORMATION ON NEW WETLAND TERRITORIES.** 

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action: MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURSES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION.

Operational Objective 2.2: To integrate conservation and wise use of wetlands in all Contracting Parties into national, provincial and local planning and decision-making on land use, groundwater management, catchment/river basin and coastal zone planning, and all other environmental planning and management.

# **Actions - Global and National Targets**

2.2.2 Promote the inclusion of wetlands in national, provincial and local land use planning documents and activities, and in all relevant sectoral and budgetary provisions. [CPs]

- Achieving integrated and cross-sectoral approaches to managing wetlands within the broader landscape and within river basin/coastal zone plans is another of the Convention's highest priorities in the next triennium.
- Global Target By COP8, all CPs to be promoting, and actively implementing, the management of wetlands as integrated elements of river basins and coastal zones, and to provide detailed information on the outcomes of these actions in the National Reports for COP8.

Is your country **implementing** integrated river basin and coastal zone management approaches? **Yes** 

If **No**, what are the impediments to this being done? **Please elaborate.** 

If integrated management approaches are being applied in part of the country, indicate the approximate percentage of the country's surface area where this is occurring and to which river basins and coastal areas this applies. RUSSIA POSESSES CONSIDERABLE AMOUNT OF THE LARGE RIVERS AND EACH OF BASINS COVERS HUGE TERRITORY IN SEVERAL SUBGECTS OF FEDERATION. SO THE BASIN PRINCIPLE IS THE BASIS OF THE WATER USING AND PROTECTION IN THE COUNTRY.

ACCORDING TO THE EXISTING WATER CODE ST.120 "THE WATERSHED AGREEMENT ON WATER OBJECTS RESTORATION AND PROTECTION IS THE MAIN MECANISM OF THIS PRINCIPLE. SUCH AGREEMENTS ARE SUPPOSED TO COORDINATE ACTIVITIES ON SURFACE WATER OBJECTS PROTECTION AND RESTORATION. WATERSHED AGREEMENTS ARE SIGNED BY THE FEDERAL AUTHORITY RESPONSIBLE FOR MANAGEMENT, USE AND PROTECTION OF THE WATER RESOURSES AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS (MEMBERS OF FEDERATION), COVERED BY THE WATERSHED. WATERSHED AGREEMENT DEVELOPMENT IS BASED ON THE WATER BUDGET, SCEME OF THE COMPLEX USE AND PROTECTION, FEDERAL PLANS AND PROGRAMS FOR USE, RESTORATION AND PROTECTION OF THE WATER OBJECTS. SCIENTIFIC AND OTHER PROJECT INFORMATION AS WELL AS THE SUDGESTIONS OF THE TERRITORIAL DEPARTMENTS OF THE FEDERAL MINISTRY ARE ALSO TO BE TAKEN TO CONSIDERATION WHILE DEVELOPING THE WATERSHED AGREEMENT. ACCORDING TO THE WATER CODE THE MAIN PRINCIPLE OF THE STATE MANAGEMENT IN THE SPHERE OF WATER USE AND PROTECTION IS: "COMBINING WISEUSE AND CONSERVATION OF THE BOTH: THE WHOLE WETLAND SITE BASIN AND ITS PARTS IN BORDERS OF THE TERRITORIES OF THE MEMBERS OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION"(COMBINING OF THE BASIN AND ADMINISTRATIVE-TERRITORIAL MANAGEMENT PRINCIPLE). FOR THE PLANNING AND CARRYING OUT WETLAND SITE WISEUSE AND CONSERVATION ON THE BASE OF WATERBALLANCES AND SCEMES OF THE WATERUSE AND PROTECTION AND STATE CADASTR DATA THE FEDERAL BASIN AND TERRITORIAL STATE PROGRAMS ARE DEVELOPING.

THE CODE FOR INTERNAL WATER TRANSPORT OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION WAS ADOPTED IN 2001 YEAR. ACCORDING TO THE POINT 40 BASIN AUTHORITIES OF MANAGEMENT ON WATER TRANSPORT IN COLLABORATION WITH THE LOCAL NATURE PROTECTION AUTHORITIES CONTROL ON WHERE ARE THE PROTECTED AREAS SITUATED AND HOW THEY ARE FUNCTIONING INCIDE INTERNAL TRANSPORT ROOTS.

If **Yes**, are wetlands being given special consideration in such integrated management approaches? **Yes** 

If **No**, what are the impediments to this being done? **Please elaborate.** 

Has your country undertaken any specific pilot projects to implement the *Guidelines for integrating wetland conservation and wise use into river basin management* (COP7 Resolution VII.18).? Ves

If Yes, please describe them briefly. THE LEADING PRINCIPLES OF INTEGRATED WETLAND CONSERVATION AND INTEGRATED RIVER BASIN MANAGEMENT ACTING IN THE PROGECTS ON WETLAND MANAGEMENT IN KUBAN AND VOLGA RIVERS DELTAS AND IN KAMCHATKA'S WETLANDS.

THE WORKSHOP CONDUCTED ON WETLAND MANAGEMENT PLANS DEVELOPMENT USING THE EXPERIENCE OF THE WORK IN KUBAN AND VOLGA RIVERS PROJECTS.

Proposed national actions and targets:

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action:

MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURSES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

Operational Objective 2.3: To expand the Guidelines and Additional Guidance on Wise Use to provide advice to Contracting Parties on specific issues not hitherto covered, and examples of best current practice.

# **Actions - Global and National Targets**

2.3.1 Expand the Additional Guidance on Wise Use to address specific issues such as oil spill prevention and clean-up, agricultural runoff, and urban/industrial discharges in cooperation with other bodies. [CPs, STRP, Bureau, Partners]

- Global Target Following COP7, the Bureau, with other appropriate collaborators, will produce a series of Wise Use handbooks, based on the outcomes of Technical Sessions at COP7.
- (added by the Ramsar Bureau pursuant to Resolution VII.14 *Invasive Species and wetlands*) CPs are requested "to provide the Ramsar Bureau with information on databases which exist for invasive species, information on invasive species which pose a threat to wetlands and wetland species, and information on the control and eradication of invasive wetland species."

Does your country **have** resource information on the management of wetlands in relation to the following which could be useful in assisting the Convention to develop further guidance to assist other CPs:

- oil spill prevention and clean-up? No
- agricultural runoff? No
- urban/industrial discharges? No
- invasive species? No
- other relevant aspects such as highway designs, aquaculture, etc.? No Please elaborate.
- THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION POSESSES THE CONSIDERABLE AMOUNT OF THE REGULATIONS OF DIFFERTENT LEVELS AND STATUSE (ONLY IN RUSSIAN LANGUAGE). THESE DOCUMENTS REGULATE SUCH ACTIONS BUT THE EXPERIENCE OF THEIR USING ARE NOT WELL PRESENTED.

•

In each case, if the answer was **Yes**, has this information been forwarded to the Ramsar Bureau for possible inclusion in the Wise Use Resource Centre (see 2.3.2 below)? No Additional comments?

Proposed national actions and targets: MESURES TO FORM THE MECANISM OF MEDIATION INTHE FRAME OF CONVENTION ON BIODIVERSITY

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action:

MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURSES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

- 2.3.2. Publicize examples of effective application of existing Guidelines and Additional Guidance on Wise Use. [CPs, Bureau, Partners]
- Promoting and improving the availability of such resource materials is a priority under the *Convention's Outreach Programme* (Resolution VII.9)
- Global Target By COP8, to have included in the Wise Use Resource Centre 500
  appropriate references and publications as provided to the Bureau by CPs and
  other organizations.

Further to 2.31. above, has your country, as urged by the Outreach Programme of the Convention adopted at COP7 (Resolution VII. 9), **reviewed** its resource materials relating to wetland management policies and practices? No

If No, what has prevented this being done? Please elaborate

IT IS NESESSARY TO DEVELOP THE CAPASITY ON THE NATIONAL LEVEL AND SUPPORT MECANISM OF MEDIATION.

If **Yes**, have copies of this information been forwarded to the Ramsar Bureau? No

If No, what has prevented this being done? Please elaborate

Proposed national actions and targets: CARRYING OUT OF THE STRATEGY FOR WETLAND CONSERVATION IN THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION.

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action: MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURSES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION.

Operational Objective 2.4: To provide economic evaluations of the benefits and functions of wetlands for environmental planning purposes.

#### **Actions - Global and National Targets**

- 2.4.1 Promote the development, wide dissemination, and application of documents and methodologies which give economic evaluations of the benefits and functions of wetlands. [CPs, Bureau, Partners]
- Given the guidelines available for this activity (see below: *Economic Valuation of Wetlands* handbook), this will be an area of higher priority in the next triennium.
- Global Target By COP8, all CPs to be incorporating economic valuation of

wetland services, functions and benefits into impact assessment and decision-making processes related to wetlands.

Does your government **require** that economic valuations of the full range of services, benefits and functions of wetlands be prepared as part of impact assessments and to support planning decisions that may impact on wetlands? **Yes** 

If No, what are the impediments to this being done? Please elaborate.

If this applies in some, but not all cases, what is the expected timeframe for this to be required in all cases?

If **Yes**, has the inclusion of economic valuation into impact assessment resulted in wetlands being given special consideration or protection. **Yes If Yes, please elaborate.** 

ECONOMIC VALUATION IS SUPPOSED TO BE DONE ACCORDING TO THE FEDERAL LAW "ON THE ECOLOGICAL EXPERTIZE"

ONE OF THE MAIN PRIORITIES OF THE NATIONAL STRATEGY FOR BIODIVERSITY IS DEVELOPMENT A SOUND SYSTEM OF ECONOMIC EVALUATION OF BIODIVERSITY. ECONOMIC VALUATION OF WETLANDS IS RATHER NEW AND NOT ENOUGH DEVELOPED DIRECTION OF THE WORK. THE ATTEMPT OF ECONOMIC EVALUATION OF CONCRETE WETLAND WAS MADE N THE FRAME OF WETLAND INTERNATIONAL RUSSIA PROGRAMME. IT RESULTED IN THE BOOK (S.N. BOBYLEV, V.N. SIDORENKO, N.V. LUZHETSKAYA, ECONOMIC ASPECTS OF WETLAND CONSERVATION)

Proposed national actions and targets: ENVIRONMENT IMPACT ASSESSMENT MECANISMS ARE TO BE DEVELPED UNDER THE ACTIVITY OF THE WETLAND INTERNATIONAL RUSSIA PSOGRAMME. IT WILL RESULT IN GUIDELINES FOR ESTIMATION OF THE IMPACT ON WETLANDS BY THE HUMAN ACTIVITIES.

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action:

MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURSES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION,
WETLANDS INTERNATIONAL RUSSIA PROGRAMME

Operational Objective 2.5: To carry out environmental impact assessments (EIAs) at wetlands, particularly of proposed developments or changes in land/water use which have potential to affect them, notably at Ramsar sites, whose ecological character "is likely to change as the result of technological developments, pollution or other human interference" (Article 3.2 of the Convention).

# **Actions - Global and National Targets**

2.5.2 Ensure that, at Ramsar sites where change in ecological character is likely as a result of proposed developments or changes in land/water use which have potential to affect them, EIAs are carried out (with due consideration of economic valuations of wetland benefits and functions), and that the resulting conclusions are communicated to the Ramsar Bureau and fully taken into account by the authorities concerned. [CPs]

• Global Target - In the next triennium, CPs will ensure that EIAs are applied to any such situation and keep the Bureau advised of the issues and the outcomes of these EIAs.

Has an EIA been carried out in **all\_cases** where a change in the ecological character of a Ramsar site within your country was likely (or possible) as a result of proposed developments or changes in land/water use? **Yes** 

If **No**, what has prevented this from occurring? **Please elaborate.** 

If **Yes**, has this EIA, or have these EIAs, given due consideration to the full range of environmental, social and economic values of the wetland? (See also 2.4.1 above) **Yes** 

AND: Have the results of the EIA been transmitted to the Ramsar Bureau? Yes/No

If No, what has prevented this from occurring? Please elaborate.

Proposed national actions and targets: **DEVELOPMENT OF THE REGULATIONS IN THE SPHERE OF ECOLOGICAL EXPERTIZE AND STANDARTS OF ENVIRONMENT QULITY ESTABLISHMENT.** 

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action:

MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURSES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

- 2.5.3 Carry out EIAs at other important sites, particularly where adverse impact on wetland resources is likely, due to a development proposal or change in land/water use. [CPs]
- Global Target By COP8, all CPs to require EIAs under legislation for any actions which can potentially impact on wetlands and to provide detailed reports on advances in this area in their National Reports for COP8.

Are EIAs required in your country for <u>all</u> cases where a wetland area (whether a Ramsar site or not) may be adversely impacted due to a development proposal or change in land/water use?

Yes

If **No**, what are the impediments to this occurring?

If **Yes**, are such EIAs required to give due consideration to the full range of environmental, social and economic values of the wetland? (See COP7 Resolution VII.16, also 2.4.1 & 2.5.2 above.) **Yes** 

Are EIAs "undertaken in a transparent and participatory manner which includes local stakeholders" (COP7 Resolution VII.16)? Yes

If **No**, what are the impediments to this occurring? **Please elaborate.** 

Proposed national actions and targets: **DEVELOPMENT OF REGULATIONS IN THE SPHERE OF LAW ENFORCEMENT PRACTICE** 

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action:

MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURSES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION.

2.5.4 Take account of Integrated Environmental Management and Strategic Environmental Assessment (at local, provincial and catchment/river basin or coastal zone levels) when assessing impacts of development proposals or changes in land/water use. [CPs]

(Refer to 2.5.3 above) In addition to the assessment of the potential impact of specific projects on wetlands, has your country **undertaken** a review of all government plans, programmes and policies which may impact negatively on wetlands?

If No, what has prevented this from occurring? THE LEGISLATION IN THE SPHERE OF NATURE RESOURSES USE IS IN THE STAGE OF DEVELOPMENT AND IT CHANGES WERY RAPIDLY SO THAT THE RESULTS OF THE ANALYSIS BECAME OLG AND NEED TO BE UPDATED.

If **Yes**, has this review been undertaken as part of preparing a National Wetland Policy or similar instrument? (refer 2.12 above) **Yes** 

Or as part of other national policy or planning activities? Yes/No - If yes, please elaborate.

Proposed national actions and targets: **DEVELOPMENT OF THE SPECIAL LAW ON WETLAND CONSERVATION** 

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action: **STATE DUME OF THE FEDERAL ASSEMBLE OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION** 

Operational Objective 2.6: To identify wetlands in need of restoration and rehabilitation, and to implement the necessary measures.

# **Actions - Global and National Targets**

2.6.1 Use regional or national scientific inventories of wetlands (Recommendation 4.6), or monitoring processes, to identify wetlands in need of restoration or rehabilitation. [CPs, Partners]

- The completion of such inventories is a continuing area of priority for the Convention.
- Global Target Restoration/rehabilitation inventories to be completed by at least 50 CPs by COP8.

Has your country **completed** an assessment to identify its priority wetlands for restoration or rehabilitation? (COP7 Resolution VII.17) No

If **No**, what has prevented this from being done?

THERE IS NO CENTRALISED INFORMATIONAL BANK OR DATABASE. IN SOME REGIONS OF THE EUROPEAN RUSSIA THE PROBLEM OF WETLAND RESTORATION IS OF HIGH IMPORTANCE. FOR EXAMPLE THE PROBLEM OF NESESSITY OF THE SMALL LAKES RESTORATION PROGRAM DEVELOPMENT WAS RISED IN TATARSTAN. MORE THAN 2000 SMALL LAKES (APROXIMATELY 20%) DISSAPEARED IN REPUBLIC DURING THE

LAST 30 YEARS AS A RESULT OF WATER RESERWOIRS BUILDING AND COVERING WITH SILT. THE NESESSITY OF WETLAND RESTORATION WAS REFLECTED IN DECISIONS OF THREE CONFERENCES. AS A FIRST STAGE OF THE PROGRAMME IT WAS AGREED TO DEVELOP IN 1998-1999 KADASTR DIRECTORY ON SMALL LAKES, RIVERS AND MIRES INVENTORY IN REPUBLIC. WETLAND RESTORATION PROGECT HAS BEEN CONDUCTED IN1980 - 1990 ON NIZSNY KABAN LAKE IN KAZAN CITY. THERE WERE APPLIED SUCH METHODS OF RESTORATION OF THE WATER REGIME AS TEMPORARY RUNNING WATER, PARTLY REMOVING OF THE SILT, IMPROVEMENT OF THE BANKS, WASTE WATERS REMOVING. NOVADAYS THEY CARYING OUT IMPROVEMENT OF THE BANKS AND WATER AERATION USING THE FOUNTAINS. ALL THESE MEASURES LET MAKE THE LAKE HISZNY KABAN CLEANER AND LET TRANSFER IT FROM THE LIST OF EXTREMELY DURTY ANS TOXIC TO THE LIST OF EUTROF LAKES. ONE MORE INTERESTING EXPERIMENT IS IN PROCESS NI TATARSTAN NOW. ADMINISTRATION OF THE KASAN SITY AND REGIONS ARE CUSTOMERS OF THIS PROJECT. THE MAIN IDEAR IS THAT THE BOTTIM OF THE LAKE IS COVERED WITH CLAY TO PREVENT FILTER OF THE WATER AND THEN THE CLEAN WATER IS PUMPET FROM THE NEAREST SAND-PIT.

THE SMALL GRANTS PROGRAMME OF THE WETLANDS INTERNATINA RUSSIA PROGRAMME SUPPORTED TWO PROJECTS ON WETLAND RESTORATION IN THE MOSCOW REGION: RESTORATION OF WETLANDS IN THE HEADWATERS OF THE MOSCOW RIVER(CARRIED OUT BY THE "VERHOVIE" ENRONMENTAL FOUNDATION, SURVEY AND RESTORATION OF HIDROLOGICAL REGIME IN DUBNA WETLANDS. THIS PROGECT IS FOCUSED ON TAKING OF THE TECNICAL ACTIONS TO STABILISE WATER REGIME, PUBLIC AWARENESS, PUBLIC OPPINION ANALISYS, INITIATION OF THE WETLAND RESTORATION AND CONSERVATION PROJECT DEVELOPMENT. THE LEADING AGENCY IS TALDOM REGIONAL ADMINISTRATION OF THE PROTECTED AREAS.

If this has been done for only part of the country, please indicate for which areas or river basins.

If **Yes** (that is, an assessment has been **completed**), have actions been taken to undertake the restoration or rehabilitation of these priority sites?

If No, what has prevented this from being done? Please elaborate.

THIS IS NOT A PRIORITY FOR THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION WHERE ONLY THE SMALL PART OF WETALNDS NEEDS RESTORATION. INVENTORY AND CONSERVATION OF THE NATURAL WETLANDS ARE THE PRIORITIES.

If **Yes**, please provide details.

Proposed national actions and targets: THE WIRK IS IN PROCESS ON DEVELOPMENT OF THE ACTION PLAN COVERING THE SPERE PEATLAND CONSERVATION AND VISE USE. THE WORK COORDINATED BY WETLANDS INTERNATIONAL RUSSIA PROGRAMME.

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action:

MINISTRY OF THE NATURAL RESOURSES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION,
WETLANDS INTERNATIONAL RUSSIA PROGRAMME

2.6.2 Provide and implement methodologies for restoration and rehabilitation of lost or degraded wetlands. [CPs, STRP, Bureau, Partners]

- There is considerable information resource on this subject, although it is not as readily accessed as desirable.
- Global Target The addition of appropriate case studies and information on methodologies, etc., to the Convention's Wise Use Resource Centre (refer to 2.3.2 above also) will be a priority in the next triennium.

Refer to 2.3.1 and 2.3.2. Does your country **have** resource information on the restoration or rehabilitation of wetlands? Yes/No

If **Yes**, has this been forwarded to the Ramsar Bureau for possible inclusion in the Wise Use Resource Centre and for consideration by the STRP Expert Working Group on Restoration?

If this material has not been forwarded to the Bureau, what has prevented this from occurring? THIS IS NOT A PRIORITY FOR RUSSIA

Proposed national actions and targets: MECANISM OF MEDIATION DEVELOPMENT

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action:

MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURSE OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

2.6.3 Establish wetland restoration / rehabilitation programmes at destroyed or degraded wetlands, especially in association with major river systems or areas of high nature conservation value (Recommendation 4.1). [CPs]

- The Convention will continue to promote the restoration and rehabilitation of wetlands, particularly in situations where such actions will help promote or retain the 'health' and productivity of waterways and coastal environments.
- Global Target By COP8, all CPs to have identified their priority sites for restoration or rehabilitation and for projects to be under way in at least 100 CPs.

Refer to 2.6.1 above.

Operational Objective 2.7: To encourage active and informed participation of local communities, including indigenous people, and in particular women, in the conservation and wise use of wetlands.

**Actions - Global and National Targets** 

2.7.1 Implement Recommendation 6.3 on involving local and indigenous people in the

# management of wetlands. [CPs, Bureau]

• Global Target - In the next triennium, the implementation of the Guidelines on local communities' and indigenous people's participation (COP7 Resolution VII.8) is to be one of the Convention's highest priorities. By COP8, all CPs to be promoting local stakeholder management of wetlands.

Is your government **actively** promoting the involvement of local communities and indigenous people in the management of wetlands? **Yes/No** 

If No, what are the impediments to this occurring? Please elaborat

THERE IS NO SPESIAL LAW ON WETLAND PROTECTION. AT THE SAME TIME THERE IS LEGISLATION ON INDIGENOUS PEOPLE AND ENVIRONMENT PROTECTION. THE MAIN MECANISMS OF LOCAL PEOPLE PARTICIPATION AND COMMUNITY INVOLVEMENT ARE REGULATED BY THESE LAWS.

If **Yes**, describe what special actions have been taken (See also 2.7.2, 2.7.3 and 2.7.4 below) (COP7 Resolution VII.8).

Proposed national actions and targets: **MPROVEMENT OF LEGISLATION** 

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action: MINISRY OF NATURAL RESOURSES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

2.7.2 Encourage site managers and local communities to work in partnership at all levels to monitor the ecological character of wetlands, thus providing a better understanding of management needs and human impacts. [CPs]

• The Convention's Outreach Programme (COP7 Resolution VII.9) seeks to give such community participation higher priority as an education and empowerment tool of the Convention.

Does your government **actively encourage or support** site managers and local communities in monitoring the condition (ecological character) of Ramsar sites and other wetlands? (Also refer to Operational Objective 5.1.) No

If No, what prevents this from occurring? Please elaborate. THERE IS AN EXPERIENCE OF PUBLIC PARTICIPATION IN DECISION MAKING ON FEDERAL AND LOCAL LEVEL, BUT THE LEADING POSITION IN THIS FIELD IS TAKEN BY NON-GOVERNMENT ORGANIZATIONS

If **Yes**, does this include both site managers and local communities, where they are not the same people? **Yes/No** Additional comment?

AND, where such monitoring occurs, are the findings being used to guide management practices? Yes/No

If No, what prevents this from happening? Please elaborate.

Proposed national actions and targets:

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action:

MINISTRY FOR NATURAL PROTECTION OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

2.7.3 Involve local communities in the management of wetlands by establishing wetland management committees, especially at Ramsar sites, on which local stakeholders, landowners, managers, developers and community interest groups, in particular women's groups, are represented. [CPs, Partners]

• Global Target - Ramsar site management committees operating in at least 100 CPs, and including non-government stakeholder representation.

Are there wetland site management committees **in place** in your country? No

If **No**, what are the impediments to such being established? **Please elaborate.** 

THERE ARE NO SPESIAL COMMEETTEES IN THIS FIELD. THE RAMSAR SITES AND OTHER WETLANDS ARE INCLUDED IN THE OTHER PROTECTED AREAS AND MANAGED BY THEIR ADMINISTRATION. MANAGEMENT OF THE RAMSAR SITES IF THEY ARE NOT INCLUDED IN THE PROTECTED AREAS IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF LOCAL BRUNCHES OF THE NATURE PROTECTION FEDERAL INSTITUTIONS.

If **Yes**, for how many sites are such committees in place?

AND: How many of these are Ramsar sites?

AND: Of these committees, how many include representatives of local stakeholders?

AND: Of these, how many have women's groups represented?

Proposed national actions and targets: TRAINING PREPARE SPESIALISTS ON WETLAND MANAGEMENT

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action:

MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURSES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION,
WETLANDS INTERNATIONAL RUSSIA PROGRAMME

2.7.4 Recognize and apply traditional knowledge and management practice of indigenous people and local communities in the conservation and wise use of wetlands. [CPs]

- Refer to 2.7.1 above.
- Global Target This will be addressed in the next triennium, possibly in partnership with the Convention on Biological Diversity and Convention to Combat Desertification, which have already initiated work in this area.

Has your government **made any special efforts** to recognize and see applied traditional knowledge and management practices? Yes

If No, what has prevented this from occurring? Please elaborate.

If **Yes**, please provide details of how this traditional knowledge was recognized and then put into practice. **ACCORDING TO THE SUDGESTION OF THE SCIENCE** 

COMMUNITY AND LOCAL NATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS INDIGENOUS PEOPLE WERE GIVEN AN OPPORTUNITY OF WETLAND MANAGEMENT IN TRADITIONAL WAY TO SUPPORT TRADITIONAL WAY OF LIVING.

Proposed national actions and targets: DEVELOPMENT OF THE LAW "ON WETLAND PROTECTION" DEVELOPMENT OF REGULATIONS FOR THE FEDERAL LAW "ON THE TERRITORIES OF TRADITIONAL LANDUSE OF THE INDIGENOUS PEOPLE OF THE NORTH, SIBERIA AND THE FAR EAST OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION"

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action: THE STATE DUMA OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION, MINISTRY OF ECONOMICAL DEVELOPMENT AND TRADE OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

Operational Objective 2.8: To encourage involvement of the private sector in the conservation and wise use of wetlands.

### **Actions - Global and National Targets**

2.8.1. Encourage the private sector to give increased recognition to wetland attributes, functions and values when carrying out projects affecting wetlands. [CPs, Bureau, Partners]

• Global Target - In the next triennium, the efforts to work in partnership with the private sector will be further increased and the Bureau will seek to document and make available case studies on some of the more effective and innovative approaches. By COP8, the target is to have private sector support for wetlands conservation in more than 100 CPs.

Have **special efforts been made** to increase the recognition of wetland attributes, functions and values among the private sector in your country? **No** 

If **No**, what has prevented this from happening? **Please elaborate.** 

ACCORDING TO THE RUSSIAN LEGISLATION WETLANDS CAN'T BE PRIVATE

If **Yes**, describe these special efforts.

AND: Have these efforts been successful? Yes/No

If No, why not? Please elaborate.

If **Yes**, how do you judge this success? Financial support for management or monitoring? Active involvement in management or monitoring? (Refer to 2.8.3 below) Application of Ramsar's Wise Use principles by private sector interests? (Refer to 2.8.2 below)? Other criteria? Please elaborate.

Proposed national actions and targets:

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action: MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURSES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION.

2.8.2 Encourage the private sector to apply the Wise Use Guidelines when executing development projects affecting wetlands. [CPs, Bureau, Partners]

• Global Target - In the next triennium the application of this tool for promoting Wise Use will be a priority under the Convention. By COP8, the target is to have more than 50 CPs which have completed reviews of their incentive measures.

Refer to 2.8.1 above. Has your government **completed** a review of its "existing, or evolving, policy, legal and institutional frameworks to identify and promote those measures which encourage conservation and wise use of wetlands and to identify and remove measures which discourage conservation and wise use" (COP7 Resolution VII.15)? No

If **No**, what has been the impediment to this being done? **Please elaborate**.

# THIS DIRECTION IS NOT A PRIORITY FOR RUSSIA

If **Yes**, what actions have been taken to introduce "incentive measures designed to encourage the wise use of wetlands, and to identify and remove perverse incentives where they exist" (COP7 Resolution VII.15). **Please elaborate.** 

AND: Have these actions been effective? Yes/No

If **No**, why not? **Please elaborate.** 

If **Yes**, please describe how.

AND if **Yes**, COP7 Resolution VII.15 requested Parties to share these "experiences and lessons learned with respect to incentive measures and perverse incentives relating to wetlands, biodiversity conservation, and sustainable use of natural resources generally, by providing these to the Ramsar Bureau for appropriate distribution and to be made available through the Wise Use Resource Centre of the Convention's Web site". Has this been done? **Yes/No** 

Proposed national actions and targets:

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action: MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURSE OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

2.8.3 Encourage the private sector to work in partnership with site managers to monitor the ecological character of wetlands. [CPs]

• This action will be promoted further in the next triennium.

Refer to 2.7.2 above. In addition, have **any special efforts** been made to encourage the private sector involvement in monitoring? No

If **No**, what has prevented this from happening? Please elaborate.

LACKING OF THE PRIVATE OWNERSHIP OF THE LAND

If **Yes**, describe these special efforts.

AND: How successful has this been? Please elaborate.

# Proposed national actions and targets: WE SUPPOSE TO TO DEVELOP THIS ACTIVITY AFTER DEVELOPMENT OF LEGISLATION

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action:

MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURSES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

2.8.4 Involve the private sector in the management of wetlands through participation in wetland management committees. [CPs]

 Global Target - As indicated under 2.7.2 and 2.7.3 above, the establishment of cross-sectoral and stakeholder management committees for wetlands, and especially Ramsar sites, will be a priority in the next triennium.

Refer to 2.7.3 above

ηηη

# GENERAL OBJECTIVE 3 TO RAISE AWARENESS OF WETLAND VALUES AND FUNCTIONS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD AND AT ALL LEVELS

Operational Objective 3.1: To support and assist in implementing, in cooperation with partners and other institutions, an international programme of Education and Public Awareness (EPA) on wetlands, their functions and values, designed to promote national EPA programmes.

### **Actions - Global Targets**

3.1.1 Assist in identifying and establishing coordinating mechanisms and structures for the development and implementation of a concerted global programme of EPA on wetlands. [CPs, Bureau, Partners]

Refer to Operational Objectives 3.2 and 3.3 below

3.1.2 Participate in the identification of regional EPA needs and in the establishment of priorities for resource development. [CPs, Bureau, Partners]

Has your country **taken any action** to help with the identification of regional EPA needs and in the establishment of priorities for information/education resource development? **No** 

If **No**, what has prevented this from happening? Please elaborate.

# UNSUFFISIENT FINANCIAL AND TECNICAL POTENTIAL IN THIS SPERE OF ACTIVITY

If **Yes**, please provide details, and as appropriate, provide samples to the Ramsar Bureau for possible inclusion in the Wise Use Resource Centre's clearing house for Wetland Communications, Public Awareness, and Education (CEPA) (COP7 Resolution VII.9).

Proposed national actions and targets:

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action: MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURSE OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

3.1.3 Assist in the development of international resource materials in support of national EPA programmes [CPs, Bureau, Partners]

Refer to 3.1.2 above also. Has your country **taken any action** to assist with the development of international wetland CEPA resource materials? No

If **Yes**, please provide details, and as appropriate, provide samples to the Ramsar Bureau for possible inclusion in the Wise Use Resource Centre's clearing house for Wetland CEPA (COP7 Resolution VII.9).

If **No**, what has prevented this from happening? Please elaborate.

THE WORK IS IN PROCESS ON CEPA SUDGESTIONS IN A NUMBER OF RUSSIAN RAMSAR SITES (VOLGA DELTA, KANDALAKSHA BAY ETC.)

THE ACTIVITIES ARE NOT SUPPORTED BY INTERNATIONAL SPONSORS

Proposed national actions and targets:

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action: MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURSES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

3.1.4 Support international programmes that encourage transfer of information, knowledge and skills between wetland education centres and educators (e.g., Wetland International's EPA Working Group, Global Rivers Environment Education Network (GREEN), Wetland Link International). [CPs, Bureau, Partners]

Refer to 3.2.4 also. Does your country support any international programmes that encourage transfer of information, knowledge and skills among wetland education centres and educators?

If **No**, what are the impediments to this occurring? **Please elaborate.** 

STAFF OF THE RUSSIAN TRANSBOUNDARY WETLANDS (LAKE KHANKA AND TOREY LAKES) EXCHANGE INFORMATION WITH NEIGHBOUR WETLANDS IN CHINA AND MONGOLIA.

IN CHINA AND UKRAIN WE HAVE JOINED PROJECTS IN THE SITE WHICH ARE NON ON THE RAMSAR LIST YET BUT ARE OF HIGH IMPORTANCE.

If **Yes**, please provide details.

Is your country specifically supporting the Wetlands Link International initiative (COP7 Resolution VII.9)? No

If **No**, what is preventing this from happening? Please elaborate.

OUR COUNTRY DOESN'T SUPPORT THIS ACTIVITY

If **Yes**, please provide details.

AND indicate which Wetland Centres (refer 3.2.3 below), museums, zoos, botanic gardens, aquaria and educational environment education centres (refer 3.2.4) are now participating as part of Wetlands Link International.

Proposed national actions and targets:

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action: MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURSES OF THE RUSSAIN FEDERATION

Operational Objective 3.2: To develop and encourage national programmes of EPA on wetlands, targeted at a wide range of people, including key decision-makers, people living in and around wetlands, other wetland users and the public at large.

# **Actions - Global and National Targets**

3.2.1 Encourage partnerships between governments, non-governmental organizations and other organizations capable of developing national EPA programmes on wetlands. [CPs, Bureau, Partners]

Global Target - By COP8 to see the global network of proposed CP and non-government focal points for Wetland Communication, Education and Public Awareness (CEPA) in place and functioning effectively in the promotion and execution of the national Outreach Programmes in all CPs. To secure the resources to increase the Bureau's capacity for implementing the Outreach Programme.

Did your Government **inform** the Ramsar Bureau by 31 December 1999 of the identity of its Government and Non-Government Focal Points for wetland CEPA (COP7 Resolution VII.9)? No

If No, what has prevented this from occurring? Please elaborate.

THE LISTED ACTIVITIES ARE GOING UNDER THE MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURSES OF THE RUAAIN FEDERATION AND WETLANDS INTERNATIONAL RUSSIA PROGRAMME. SO THERE ARE NO SPESIAL INSTITUTUINS FOR THIS. IT IS NOT REALLY EFFECTIVE TO ORDER TO ANY A ORGANIZATION TO CARRY OUT SUCH ACTIVITIES.

Has your country **established** an "appropriately constituted Task Forces, where no mechanism exists for this purpose (e.g., National Ramsar Committees), to undertake a review of national needs, capacities and opportunities in the field of wetland CEPA and, based on this, to formulate its National Wetland CEPA Action Plans for priority activities which consider the international, regional, national and local needs" (COP7 Resolution VII.9). No

If **No**, what has prevented this from occurring?

If Yes, please provide details of the organizations, ministries, etc., represented on this Task Force.

AND: Has a National Wetland CEPA Action Plan been finalized by 31 December 2000? No

If No, what has prevented this from occurring? Please elaborate.

If <b>Yes</b> , is the Action Plan being implemented effectively? <b>Yes/No</b>
If <b>No</b> , what is preventing this from occurring? Please elaborate.
If <b>Yes</b> , what are the priority target groups of the Action Plan and the major activities being undertaken?
AND: Has a copy of this plan been provided to the Ramsar Bureau? Yes/No
Proposed national actions and targets:
Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action:  MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURSES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION
<ul> <li>3.2.2 On the basis of identified needs and target groups, support national programmes and campaigns to generate a positive vision of wetlands and create awareness at all levels of their values and functions. [CPs, Bureau, Partners]</li> <li>Global Target - see 3.2.1 above.</li> </ul>
3.2.3 Encourage the development of educational centres at wetland sites. [CPs, Bureau, Partners]
• Global Target - The Convention will aim to have more than 150 active education centres (and similar venues - see 3.2.4 below) promoting the principles of the Convention by COP8 and to ensure that all CPs have at least one such centre.
Has your country <b>encouraged</b> the establishment of educational centres at wetland sites? <b>Yes</b>
If <b>No</b> , what has been the impediment to such action being taken? Please elaborate.
If Yes, how successful has this been? ENVIRONMENT EDUCATIONAL SENTERS ARE FUNCTIONING DURING A NUMBER OF YEARS. IN ASTRAKHAN, IN TALDOM (CRANE MOTHERLAND), IN MANY RESERVES EDUCATIONAL TRAILS ARE FUNCTIONING(OKSKY, HINGANSKY, CENTRAL FOREST STATE RESERVE. THESE STRUCTURES RISE PUBLIC AWARENESS.
AND: How many such centres are in place? and at what sites? INFORMATION IS NOT ENOUGH
How many centres are being established? and at what sites?
How many centres are being planned? and at what sites?
Of the sites in place, how many are participating as part of Wetlands Link International (Refer 3.1.4 above)? and at which sites are they? <b>THERE ARE NO SUCH CENTERS</b>
Proposed national actions and targets:
Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action:  MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURSES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

centres to encourage the development of exhibits and programmes that support non-formal EPA on wetlands. [CPs, Bureau, Partners]

• Global Target - see 3.2.3 above

Do **all**\_museums, zoos, botanical gardens and similar facilities in your country **have exhibits** and/or programmes that support non-formal wetland CEPA? **Yes** 

If **No**, what are the impediments to this occurring?

If such exhibits or programmes are in place for some facilities, how many and what types of facilities are they? SUCH EXIBITINS ARE FUNCTIONING IN SOME ZOOLOGICAL MUSEUMS BUT NOT UNDER CEPA.

If **Yes**, how many facilities does this apply to and how many of these are participating as part of Wetlands Link International (Refer 3.1.4 above)? and which facilities are they? **NO**INFORMATION

Proposed national actions and targets: CAPACITY DEVELOPMENT FOR THE EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMMES AND EXIBITIONS.

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action:

MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURSES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

- 3.2.5 Encourage the inclusion of modules related to wetlands in the curricula at all levels of education, including tertiary courses and specialized training courses. [CPs, Bureau, Partners]
- Global Target By COP8, to see wetland issues incorporated into curricula in over 100 CPs.

In your country are there modules related to wetlands in the curricula at all levels of education, including tertiary courses and specialized training courses? Only in some institutions

If **No**, what is preventing this from occurring? **Please elaborate.** 

# IN SOME SPECIALISED HIGH EDUCATION INSTITUTES

If this is the case for some levels of education, or some parts of the country, please provide details. THERE ARE NOT ENOUGH EDUCATIONAL OURS FOR ENVIRONMENT EDUCATION ON ALL EDUCATOINAL LEVELS.

If **Yes**, have samples of this curriculum material been provided to the Ramsar Bureau for possible inclusion in the Wise Use Resource Centre? **Yes/No** 

Proposed national actions and targets: CAPACITY DEVELOPMENT. IT CAN BE FOR EXAMPLE PROVIDING OF OURS FOR WETLAND EDUCATION AT SCHOOL

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action:

MINISTRY OF THE NATURAL RESOURSES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION.

Operational Objective 3.3: To improve the Ramsar Bureau's communications activities and to develop a Convention Communications Strategy, capable of further promoting the

Convention and its wider application, and of raising awareness of wetland values and functions.

Actions - Global and National Targets
3.3.1 Review the Bureau's communications activities, especially those related to the creation and functioning of regional and national communication networks; develop new material and use of technology, and improve existing material. [Bureau]
Refer to 3.2.1 "To secure the resources to increase the Bureau's capacity for implementing the Outreach Programme.". Has your government provided any voluntary contributions to increase the Bureau's capacity for implementing the Outreach Programme? No
If <b>Yes</b> , please provide details.
Proposed national actions and targets:
Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action:  MINISTRY FOR NATURAL RESOURSES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION
<ul> <li>3.3.4 Seek the support of an electronic communications carrier to provide and maintain an electronic mail network and electronic bulletin board/mailing lists linking the Contracting Parties, Standing Committee members, the STRP, the Bureau, and partner organizations. [All]</li> <li>Global Target - By COP8, to gain a sponsor(s) for the Convention's Web site, to ensure that all CPs have Internet access, to increase the use of French and Spanish in the Ramsar Web site, and to see over 300 Ramsar site managers also communicating with the Bureau, and each other, via the Internet.</li> </ul>
The Standing Committee and Bureau will consider the issue of a sponsor for the Convention's Web site, and increased presence of French and Spanish materials on the Web site.
With respect to Ramsar site managers, has your government taken steps to provide for Internet links for these people? No
If <b>No</b> , what are the impediments to this action being taken? Please elaborate.
FINANCES ARE NOT ENOUGH
If Yes, how many Ramsar site managers have Internet access?
AND: Which Ramsar sites have this facility?
Proposed national actions and targets:
Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action:

# Please go to file 2.



# National planning tool for the implementation of the Ramsar Convention on Wetlands

(And the approved format for National Reports to be submitted for the 8<sup>th</sup> Meeting of the Conference of the Contracting Parties, Spain, 2002)

ηηη

file 2

# GENERAL OBJECTIVE 4 TO REINFORCE THE CAPACITY OF INSTITUTIONS IN EACH CONTRACTING PARTY TO ACHIEVE CONSERVATION AND WISE USE OF WETLANDS

Operational Objective 4.1: To develop the capacity of institutions in Contracting Parties, particularly in developing countries, to achieve conservation and wise use of wetlands.

# **Actions - Global and National Targets**

**4.1.1** Review existing national institutions responsible for the conservation and wise use of wetlands. [CPs]

Has your country reviewed the national institutions responsible for wetland conservation and wise use and the "designated national Administrative Authority for the Convention to ensure [that] these have the necessary resources to support the increasing demands being placed upon them by the growing expectations of the Convention" (COP7 Resolution VII.27)? Yes

If **No**, what is the impediment to this being done? Please elaborate.

If Yes, what were the conclusions and outcomes of the review? (Refer to 4.1.2 also). THE ANALYSIS OF EXISTING SITUATION SHOWS THE EFFECTIVENESS OF THE INTERSECTORAL WORKING GROUP ON THE RAMSAR CONVENTION OBLIGATIONS. IT DEVELOPES ACCORDING TO THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE RAMSAR CONVENTION AND ACTS EFFECTIVELY ACCORDING TO ITS NEEDS.

Proposed national actions and targets: CREATE POTENTIAL FOR CARRY OUT OF THE STRATEGY FOR WETLAND CONSERVATION IN THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action:

MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURSES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

4.1.2 On the basis of such a review, identify and implement measures to:

increase cooperation and synergy between institutions;

- promote the continued operation of these institutions;
- provide appropriately trained staff, in adequate numbers, for these institutions. [CPs]
- Global Target By COP8, to see coordinating mechanisms in place in all CPs, and more particularly to see National Ramsar Committees including government and non-government stakeholder representatives, in place in more than 100 CPs. In addition, by COP8, all CPs that have reported the existence of NRCs at COP7 to have evaluated their effectiveness (COP7 Resolution VII.27).

Refer also to 8.1.9. Does your country have a National Ramsar Committee or similar body?

If No, what has prevented the establishment of such a committee? Please elaborate.

If **Yes**, is the committee cross-sectoral, including representatives of appropriate government ministries and non-government expert and stakeholder groups? **Yes** 

What is the composition of this Committee? THE WORKING GROUP CONSISTS OF 6 SPECIALISTS OF THE MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURSES, 1 SPECIALIST FROM STATE OFFICE FOR FISHERY, 3 SPECIALISTS FROM THE ALL-RUSSIAN SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH INSTITUTE FOR NATURE PROTECTION, 1 SPECIALIST FROM THE INSTITUTE OF ECOLOGY AND EVOLUTION PROBLEMS, 3 NON-GOVERNMENT EXPERTS: FROM THE RUSSIAN HANTERS AND FISHEMEN ASSOSIATION, THE EURASIAN MIGRATORY ANIMAL RESEARCH CENTRE AND THE RUSSIAN BIRD CONSERVATION UNION

Has there been an evaluation of the effectiveness of the Committee? Yes

If No, what has prevented this from happening? Please elaborate.

If **Yes**, did the review show the Committee was proving to be effective? **Yes** 

If **No**, why not? **Please elaborate.** 

Refer also to 7.2.1 with reference to coordinating the implementation of international conventions.

Proposed national actions and targets: INVOLVING REPRESENTATIVES OF OTHERS CONCERNED FEDERAL MINISTRIES AND AGENCIES INTO ACTIVITY OF THE WORKING GROUP TO ENSURE OVERALL IMPLEMENTATION OF RUSSIAN OBLIGATIONS ON RAMSAR CONVENTION

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action:

MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURSES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

Operational Objective 4.2: To identify the training needs of institutions and individuals concerned with the conservation and wise use of wetlands, particularly in developing countries, and to implement follow-up actions.

# **Actions - Global and National Targets**

4.2.1 Identify at national, provincial and local level the needs and target audiences for training in implementation of the Wise Use Guidelines. [CPs, Bureau, Partners]

• Global Target - By COP8, to have training needs analyses completed in more than 75 CPs.

Has a training needs analysis been completed? Yes/No

If **No**, what has prevented this from happening?

If **Yes**, have the results of this analysis been used to provide direction for training priorities in the future? **Yes/No** 

If No, why not? Please elaborate.

If Yes, how has this been done? Please elaborate.

IN GENERAL TRAINING NEEDS ANALYSIS HAS BEEN DONE DURING ELABORATION OF THE PROJECT OF THE STRATEGY OF WETLANDS CONSERVATION OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION. NOW PROGRAMME OF PRIMARY IMPORTANCE ACTIONS ARE WORKED OUT IN THE FRAMEWORK OF THE STRATEGY PROJECT.

AND: What impact has this had on the national training effort? Please elaborate.

Proposed national actions and targets: CREATE POTENTIAL FOR WETLAND CONSERVATION POPULARIZATION, ECOLOGICAL EDUCATION AND STAFF TRAINING.

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action:

MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURSES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

**4.2.2** Identify current training opportunities in disciplines essential for the conservation and wise use of wetlands. [CPs, Bureau, Partners]

• Global Target - By COP8, to have reviews of training opportunities completed in more than 75 CPs.

Has your country **completed** a review of the training opportunities which exist therein? No

If No, what are the impediments to this being done? EXISTING INSTITUTIONAL POTENTIAL IS INSUFFICIENT. HOWEWER THE WORK ON THE QUESTIONNARIE ON THE TRAINING NEEDS IS IN PROCESS TO CONDUCT THE TRAINING NEEDS ASSESSMENT.

If **Yes**, have the results of this review been used to provide direction for training priorities in the future? **Yes/No** 

If No, why not? Please elaborate.

If **Yes**, how has this been done? **Please elaborate**.

AND: What impact has this had on the national training effort? Please elaborate.

Has this information on training opportunities been provided to the Ramsar Bureau for inclusion in the Directory of Wetland Manager Training Opportunities? (Refer to 4.2.3 below also) Yes/No

Proposed national actions and targets: CREATE POTENTIAL FOR ECOLOGICAL EDUCATION AND SRAFF TRAINING IN THE FIELD OF WETLAND CONSERVATION.

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action: MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURSES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

- 4.2.3 Develop new training activities and general training modules, for application in all regions, concerning implementation of the Wise Use Guidelines, with specialized modules covering ....... [CPs, Bureau, Partners]
- Global Target To launch a major wetland manager training initiative under the Convention, possibly in partnership with one or more of the Convention's International Organization Partners, which can promote and take advantage of these new training tools. Refer also to 4.2.4 below regarding the Wetlands for the Future Initiative.

Following its review of training needs and opportunities, has your country developed any new training activities, or training modules? Ves

If Yes, please provide details. THE WETLANDS INTERNATIONAL RUSSIA PROGRAMME CONDUCTED IN MAY 2001 THE TWO-WEEKS COURSE ON WETLAND MANAGEMENT AND CONSERVATION, IT WAS AIMED AT TRAINING OF WETLAND SPECIALISTS (DEALING WITH WETLAND PROTECTION, CONSERVATION, INVESTIGATION AND WISE USE) IN THE SPHERE OF WETLAND MANAGEMENT PLANS DEVELOPMENT AND PROJECT DEVELOPMENT FOR WETLAND WISE USE AND CONSERVATION. THE PROGRAMME OF THE COURSE:WETLANDS IN RUSSIA: DEFINITIONS, MAJOR WETLAND TYPES, ZONING, ETC; WETLANDS INVENTORY, LESSONS OF WETLAND CONSERVATION IN RUSSIA, EUROPEAN COUNTRIES, AND INTERNATIONAL MECANISMS OF WETLAND CONSERVATION; WETLAND MANAGEMENT PLANS DEVELOPMENT; PROJECTS, AIMED AT WETLAND PROTECTION; FUNDRAISING; INFORMATION ON INTERNATIONAL COURSES FOR WETLAND MANAGEMENT. GROUP WORK CONTAINED MANAGEMENT PLANS FOR MODEL WETLANDS DEVELOPMENT, PROJECT DEVELOPMENT FOR WETLAND CONSERVATION. ALL THE PARTICIPANTS MADE PRESENTATIONS. EXCURTION TO THE CRANE MOTHERLAND. THE CRANE'S HOMELAND AREA IS SITUATED IN THE TALDOM DISTRICT OF MOSCOW REGION 100 KM TO THE NORTH FROM MOSCOW. THE AREA HAS BEEN INCLUDED IN THE RAMSAR SHADOW LIST (WETLANDS IN RUSSIA. **VOL.3**).

THE REGION IS VERY INTERESTING FROM THE POINT OF VIEW OF

# MANAGEMENT. IT COMBINES 15 PROTECTED AREAS OF DIFFERENT STATUS

AND: Has information on these training activities and modules been provided to the Ramsar Bureau for inclusion in the Directory of Wetland Manager Training Opportunities and the Wise Use Resource Centre? (Refer to 4.2.2 above also)

Proposed national actions and targets: WE SUPPOSE TO DEVELOP AND CONTINUE THIS ACTIVITY IN WETLANDS INTERNATIONAL RUSSIA PROGRAMME

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action: **WETLANDS INTERNATIONAL RUSSIA PROGRAMME** 

- 4.2.4 Provide opportunities for manager training by: personnel exchanges for on-the-job training; holding pilot training courses at specific Ramsar sites; siting wetland manager training facilities at Ramsar sites; obtaining and disseminating information about training courses for wetland managers around the world. [CPs, Bureau, Partners]
- Global Target Refer to 4.2.3 above. Also to seek the resources from donors or interested CPs to establish *Wetlands for the Future Initiatives* for the Asia-Pacific, Eastern European, and African regions.

Refer to 4.2.1, 4.2.2, and 4.2.3 above. Has training been provided for wetland managers:

- Through personnel exchanges for on-the-job training? Yes, THERE WERE
  SEVERAL SPECIALISTS FROM RUSSIA, WHO STUDIED ABROAD IN
  CONCRETE SITES.
- Holding pilot training courses at specific Ramsar sites? No, EXISTING POTENTIAL IS INSUFFICIENT
- Siting wetland manager training facilities at Ramsar sites? No, EXISTING POTENTIAL IS UNSUFFICIENT
- Obtaining and disseminating information about training courses for wetland managers?
   Yes, MINISTRY FOR NATURAL RESOURSES AND WETLAND
   INTERNATIONAL RUSSIA PROGRAMME DISTRIBUTED THE
   INFORMATION ON WETLAND MANAGEMENT COURSES, BUT IT COMES
   NOT REGULARLY.

Has your country provided resources to support the establishment of *Wetlands for the Future* style programmes in any part of the world? (COP7 Recommendation 7.4) No

If **Yes**, please provide details.

Proposed national actions and targets: CREATE POTENTIAL FOR STAFF TRAINING

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action: MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURSES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION.

4.2.6 Exchange information, technical assistance and advice, and expertise about the

conservation and wise use of wetlands, also with regard to South-South cooperation. [CPs, Bureau, Partners]

Refer to 2.3.1, 2.3.2, 4.2.1-4 above. Has your country specifically undertaken activities as indicated here which could be deemed to be South-South cooperation?

If **No**, what has prevented this from happening? **THIS ACTIVITY IS NOT A PRIORITY FOR RUSSIA** 

If **Yes**, please provide details.

Proposed national actions and targets:

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action:

ηηη

# GENERAL OBJECTIVE 5 TO ENSURE THE CONSERVATION OF ALL SITES INCLUDED IN THE LIST OF WETLANDS OF INTERNATIONAL IMPORTANCE (RAMSAR LIST)

Operational Objective 5.1: To maintain the ecological character of Ramsar sites.

# **Actions - Global and National Targets**

5.1.1 Define and apply the precise measures required to maintain the ecological character of each listed site, in the light of the working definitions of ecological character adopted at the 6<sup>th</sup> COP (1996) and amended by by Resolution VII.10 of COP7. [CPs]

 Global Target - By COP8, each CP will seek to ensure that the measures required to maintain the ecological character of at least half of the Ramsar sites have been documented.

Have the measures required to maintain the ecological character of Ramsar sites in your country been documented? Ves

If **No**, what has prevented this being done?

If **Yes**, has this documentation been developed as part of management planning and associated action at the sites? **Yes** 

AND: Has a copy been provided to the Ramsar Bureau? Yes

Proposed national actions and targets: CREATE POTENTIAL FOR CARRYING OUT OF THE STRATEGY FOR WETLAND CONSERVATION OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action:

MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURSES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION,

WETLANDS INTERNATIONAL RUSSIA PROGRAMME

5.1.2 Conduct regular internal reviews to identify potential changes in ecological character, with input from local communities and other stakeholders; take remedial action and/or nominate the site for the Montreux Record. [CPs]

- Refer to 2.5.2 In the COP7 National Reports, 35 CPs reported Ramsar sites where some change in ecological character had occurred or was likely to occur in the near future. This was true for 115 sites in 33 CPs, and two other CPs stated that changes had occurred to all or some of their sites. In COP7 Resolution VII.12, these CPs were urged to consider nominating these sites to the Montreux Record.
- Global Target In the period up to COP8, promote the application and benefits of the Montreux Record as a tool of the Convention through disseminating reports and publications on the positive outcomes achieved by a number of countries which have now removed sites from the Record.

Refer to 2.7.2 and 2.8.3 also. Are regular internal reviews undertaken to identify factors potentially altering the ecological character of Ramsar sites?

If No, what are the impediments to this occurring? THIS ACTIVITY IS NOT A PRIORITY FOR RUSSIA

If **Yes**, have these reviews detected situations where changes in ecological character have occurred or may occur? **No Reply** 

If **Yes**, for how many sites was this case, which sites were they, and what actions were taken to address these threats? **Please elaborate.** 

AND: Were these sites where change in ecological character was detected, or may occur, added to the Montreux Record? Yes/No

If No, why not? Please elaborate.

Proposed national actions and targets:

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action:

5.1.3 Review and regularly update the Montreux Record (Resolutions 5.4, 5.5, and VI.1). [CPs, STRP, Bureau]

• Global Target - CPs with Ramsar sites in the Montreux Record, and for which Ramsar Advisory Missions (RAMs) have been completed prior to COP7, are expected to have taken the actions necessary to warrant their removal from the Record before COP8.

For those CPs with a site, or sites, included in the Montreux Record, and for which RAMs (previously Management Guidance Procedures, MGPs) have been completed, have all actions recommended by the RAM been undertaken for each site?

If No, what are the impediments to this occurring? GAPS IN LEGISLATION. THERE IS NO WETLAND IN RUSSIA WHICH IS INCLUDED IN MONTREUX RECORD.

If Yes, have these actions resulted in a restoration of the ecological character? No Reply

AND: If **Yes**, has the site been removed from the Montreux Record following the completion of the necessary questionnaire (COP6 Resolution VI.1)? **No Reply** Additional comment?

Proposed national actions and targets: NO PLAN

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action:

MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURSES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

Operational Objective 5.2: To develop and implement management plans for all Ramsar sites, consistent with the Convention's Guidelines on Management Planning and emphasizing involvement of local communities and other stakeholders.

#### **Actions - Global and National Targets**

5.2.3 Ensure that, by the 8<sup>th</sup> COP (2002), management plans or other mechanisms are in preparation, or in place, for at least half of the Ramsar sites in each Contracting Party, beginning with pilot programmes at selected sites with input from local communities and other stakeholders. [CPs, Partners]

• Global Target - By COP8, management plans will be in preparation, or in place, for at least three-quarters of the Ramsar sites in each CP and all CPs will seek to ensure that these are being implemented in full.

Do all the Ramsar sites in your country have management plans **in place**? No

If **No**, how many sites do not have management plans in place and which sites are they? **28 SITES DO NOT HAVE MANAGEMENT PLANS THE WORK IS IN PROCESS.** 

If plans are being prepared for some sites, please indicate which sites these are.

MANAGEMENT PLANS FOR ALL 28 SITES ARE IN PROCESS

For those sites where management plans are in place, how many of these are being implemented fully, and which sites are they? THERE ARE 7 SITES WITH MANAGEMENT PLANS: VOLGA DELTA; KUBAN DELTA - TWO PARTS; PARAPOLSKY DOL; KARAGINSKY ISLAND, BERING SEA, MOROSHECHNAYA RIVER UTKHOLOK CAPE.

Where plans are not in place, or not being fully implemented, what has prevented this from being done? **GAPS IN LEGISLATION** 

Proposed national actions and targets: TO CREATE POTENTIAL FOR CARRYING OUT OF THE STRATEGY FOR WETLAND CONSERVATION IN THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION, ESTABLISHMENT OF THE NEW RAMSAR SITES, IMPROVEMENT OF THE EXISTING LEGISLATION.

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action:

MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURSES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDRATION AND

OTHERS FEDERAL CONCERNED BODIES.

5.2.4 Promote the establishment and implementation of zoning measures related to larger Ramsar sites, wetland reserves and other wetlands (Kushiro Recommendation 5.3). [CPs, Partners]

For those sites where it is warranted, are zoning measures being used to regulate the activities allowed in different parts of the wetlands? No

If No, what is preventing these from being implemented? **DEVELOPMENT OF THE SPECIAL METHODS FOR ZONING IS IN PROCESS. ALTHOUGH IT IS STRONG NEED IN DEVELOPMENT OF LEGISLATION.** 

If **Yes**, for which sites are these in place?

AND: Are they proving a successful management tool? Please elaborate.

Have you provided the Ramsar Bureau with information regarding such cases of zoning for possible inclusion in the Wise Use Resource Centre? No

Proposed national actions and targets: CREATE POTENTIAL FOR PROVIDING WETLANDS INVENTORY AND KADASTRE MAKING AND MANAGEMENT AND LEGISLATION IMPROVING

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action:

MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURSES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

- 5.2.5 Promote the establishment and implementation of strict protection measures for certain Ramsar sites and other wetlands of small size and/or particular sensitivity (Recommendation 5.3). [CPs, Partners]
- This aspect of Ramsar site management was not considered in the COP7 National Reports and will have to be reviewed in time for COP8.
- Global Target Provide for consideration at COP8 detailed information on the implementation of strict protection measures at small and/or sensitive sites.

For those sites where it is warranted, are strict protection measures being used to regulate the activities allowed in different parts of the wetlands? Yes

If **No**, what is preventing these from being implemented? **Please elaborate.** 

If Yes, for which sites are these in place? FOR SITES SITUATED IN EXISTING STRICK PROTECTED AREAS, NATIONAL PARKS AND OTHER TYPES OF PROTECTED AREAS.

AND: Is this proving to be a successful management tool? INFORMATION IS NOT ENOUGH. THE EFFECTIVE MANAGEMENT TOOLS EXIST WHEN THE SITE SITUATED IN EXISTING RESERVE OR THE PROTECTED AREA OF OTHER STATUSE.

Have you provided the Ramsar Bureau with information regarding such cases for possible inclusion in the Wise Use Resource Centre? No

Proposed national actions and targets: CREATE POTENTIAL FOR CARRYING OUT OF THE STRATEGY FOR WETLAND CONSERVATION IN THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action:

MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURSES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

Operational Objective 5.3: To obtain regularly updated information on wetlands of international importance, in accordance with the approved standard format.

#### **Actions - Global and National Targets**

- 5.3.1 Ensure that the maps and descriptions of Ramsar sites submitted to the Ramsar Database by the Contracting Parties at the time of designation are complete, in the approved standard format of the Information Sheet on Ramsar Wetlands, and provide sufficient detail to be used for management planning and monitoring of ecological character. [CPs, Bureau, Wetlands International]
- 5.3.2 Ensure that missing or incomplete data sheets and/or maps of listed sites are submitted as a matter of priority and in the shortest possible time, as a means to enhance the relevance and use of the Ramsar Database. [CPs]
- Global Target By the end of 1999, for there to be no Ramsar sites for which appropriate sites descriptions and maps are still required.

If yours is one of the CPs referred to in COP7 Resolution VII.12 as not having provided a Ramsar (Site) Information Sheet in the approved format, with a suitable map, in one of three working languages of the Convention, has this now be rectified? Yes

If **No**, what is preventing this from being done? Please elaborate.

- 5.3.3 Ensure that data sheets on Ramsar Sites are regularly updated, at least for every second meeting of the COP, so that they can be used for reviewing the achievements of the Convention, for future strategic planning, for promotional purposes, and for site, regional and thematic analysis (Resolution VI.13). [CPs, STRP, Bureau, Wetlands International]
- Global Target By the end of 1999, for there to be no Ramsar sites designated before 31 December 1990 for which updated site descriptions are still required.

If yours is one of the CPs referred to in COP7 Resolution VII.12 as not having provided an updated Ramsar (Site) Information Sheet for sites designated before 31 December 1990, has this now be rectified? Yes

If **No**, what is preventing this from being done? **Please elaborate.** 

Proposed national actions and targets: CREATE POTENTIAL FOR CARRYING OUT OF THE STRATEGY FOR WETLAND CONSERVATIN FOR THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action: MINISTRY

#### OF NATURAL RESOURSES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

Operational Objective 5.4: To keep under review the content and structure, as well as the hardware and software, of the Ramsar Database, in order to ensure that it retains its relevance in light of evolving information and communication technology.

#### **Actions - Global and National Targets**

5.4.1 Assess data currently available in the database and identify any gaps in the data provided by Contracting Parties. [CPs, STRP, Bureau, Wetlands International]

Refer to 5.2.2, 5.2.3, and 5.2.4 above.

5.4.4 Support the establishment of national wetland databases compatible with the Ramsar Database and develop a common protocol to facilitate exchange and interaction. [CPs, Partners]

Global Target - By COP8, to have national wetland databases in over 50 CPs which are accessible globally.

Refer also to 6.1.1 and 6.1.2. Does your country have a national wetland database? Yes

If **No**, what is preventing such a database being established? **Please elaborate.** 

If Yes, is this database generally available for reference and application by all ministries and stakeholders? **Yes** 

If **No**, why not? **Please elaborate.** 

AND: Is it available through the Internet? (COP7 Resolution VII.20) No

If **Yes**, please provide details.

If No, why not? THE WORK ON THE RUSSIAN WETLAND SITE IS IN PROCESS

AND: Is it available on CD-Rom? (COP7 Resolution VII.20) Yes

If Yes, please provide details. CD ON THE PROGRAMME ACTIVITIES INCLUDING ALL THE INFORMATION ON RUSSIAN WETLANDS WAS PRODUCED IN 1999 AND WIDELY DISTRIBUTED.

If **No**, why not?

Proposed national actions and targets: CREATE POTENTIAL FOR WETLANDS CONSERVATION POPULARIZATION AS A PART OF THE STRATEGY FOR WETLAND CONSERVATION IN THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action: MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURSES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

# GENERAL OBJECTIVE 6 TO DESIGNATE FOR THE RAMSAR LIST THOSE WETLANDS WHICH MEET THE CONVENTION'S CRITERIA, ESPECIALLY WETLAND TYPES STILL

Operational Objective 6.1: To identify those wetlands that meet the Ramsar criteria, and to give due consideration to their designation for the List.

#### **Actions - Global and National Targets**

6.1.1 Develop, regularly update -- especially in the case of Africa -- and disseminate regional wetland directories, which identify potential Ramsar sites. [CPs, Partners]

UNDER-REPRESENTED IN THE LIST AND TRANSFRONTIER WETLANDS

Refer to 6.1.2 and 6.2.1. Does there exist for your country a directory or similar listing of sites which are potential Ramsar sites? Yes

If **No**, what are the impediments to such a list of sites being prepared? Please elaborate.

If Yes, when was it prepared and was it prepared taking into consideration the Strategic Framework and guidelines for the future development of the List of Wetlands of International Importance (COP7 Resolution VII.11)? THE THIRD VOLUME OF WETLAND INVENTORY CARYING THE INFORMATION ON THE 166 SITES MEETING THE RAMSAR CRITERIA (THE SHADOW LIST) WAS PUBLISHED IN 2000 Yes

AND: How many potential Ramsar sites are identified within the important sites directory for your country? INORMATION ON 166 SITES IS PUBLISHED AND THE WORK IS IN PROCESS

Proposed national actions and targets: **DEVELOPMENT OF WETLAND INVENTORY AND KADASTRE MAKING** 

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action:

MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURSES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

6.1.2 Establish, update and disseminate national scientific inventories of wetlands which identify potential Ramsar sites and wetlands of provincial or local importance in the territory of each Contracting Party. [CPs, Partners]

 Global Target - By COP8, to have national wetland inventories completed by over 50 CPs and the information housed in databases (Refer to 5.4.4) which are accessible globally

Does there exist a comprehensive national inventory (as opposed to a directory of important sites; see 6.1.1 above) for your country? No

If **No**, what are the impediments to such an inventory being prepared? **EXISTING INSTITUTIONAL POTENTIAL IS INSUFFICIENT** 

If only some parts of the country have had inventories completed, please indicate which parts these are. PARTLY FOR THE YAMALO-NENETSKY OKRUG, ORENBURG AREA,

#### VOLGOGRADSKAYA AREA

AND: What is the likely timeframe for completing the national inventory? **ABOUT 20 YEARS** 

If a national inventory has already been completed, when was it finalized?

AND: Is the information housed where it is accessible to stakeholders and the international community? (COP7 Resolution VII.20) No Reply

If No, what are the impediments to this occurring? **EXISTING INSTITUTIONAL POTENTIAL IS INSUFFICIENT.** 

Has national/subnational inventory information been provided to the Ramsar Bureau (if it is not accessible through the Internet)? Yes

Proposed national actions and targets: DEVELOPMENT OF WETLAND INVENTORY AND KADASTRE MAKING ABD ELABORATE REGIONAL STRATEGIES FOR WETLAND CONSERVATION

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action:

MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURSES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

6.1.4 Support the work of Wetlands International and IUCN in updating information on population sizes of waterfowl and other taxa, and utilize these data in identification of potential Ramsar sites. [CPs, Bureau, Partners]

Does your country regularly gather waterbird population data? Yes

If **No**, what prevents this from happening? Please elaborate.

If **Yes**, is this information provided to Wetlands International? **Yes** 

If No, why not? Please elaborate.

Proposed national actions and targets: CREATE POTENTIAL FOR CARRYING OUT THE STRATEGY FOR WETLAND CONSERVATION IN THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action: MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURSES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

Operational Objective 6.2: To increase the area of wetland designated for the List of Wetlands of International Importance, particularly for wetland types that are under-represented either at global or national level.

#### **Actions - Global and National Targets**

6.2.1 Promote the designation for the Ramsar List of an increased area of wetland, through listing by new Contracting Parties, and through further designations by current Contracting Parties, in particular developing countries, in order to ensure the listing of a

representative range of wetland types in the territory of each Contracting Party and in each Ramsar region. [CPs, Bureau, Partners]

• Global Target - As proposed in the Strategic Framework, the short-term target of the Ramsar List should be to achieve the designation of 2000 sites, in accordance with the systematic approach advocated therein, by the time of COP9 in the year 2005. In addition, by COP8 the target is to have at least 20 CPs that are applying a systematic approach to site selection nationally.

Refer also to 6.1.1, 6.1.2, and 6.2.3. Has your country taken a systematic approach to identifying its future Ramsar sites (as promoted in the *Strategic Framework for the List* – COP7 Resolution VII.11)? Yes

If **No**, what are the impediments to this being done? Please elaborate.

If **Yes**, has this included considerations to ensure the designation of a representative range of wetland types? **Yes** 

If No, why not? Please elaborate.

If **Yes**, has this resulted in the designation of a representative range of wetland types? **Yes** 

Proposed national actions and targets: CREATE POTENTIAL FOR CARRYING OUT OF THE STRATEGY FOR WETLAND CONSERVATION IN THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action:

MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURSES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

6.2.3 Give priority attention to the designation of new sites from wetland types currently under-represented on the Ramsar List, and in particular, when appropriate, coral reefs, mangroves, sea-grass beds and peatlands. [CPs]

• Global Targets - The long-term targets are set by the *Strategic Framework and guidelines for the future development of the List of Wetlands of International Importance* (COP7 Resolution VII.11). Based on this, short-term targets for each wetland type will be derived [by the STRP].

Further to 6.2.1 above: If your territory includes under-represented wetland types, has special attention been given to identifying suitable sites for designation? Yes

If **No**, what has prevented this from occurring? **Please elaborate.** 

If **Yes**, has this included designations of wetlands including:

- coral reefs? No
- mangroves? No
- seagrass beds? Yes
- peatlands? Yes
- intertidal wetlands? (COP7 Resolution VII.21) Yes

Proposed national actions and targets: CREATE POTENTIAL FOR CARRYING OUT OF

### THE STRATEGY FOR WETLAND CONSERVATION IN THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action:

MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURSES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

6.2.4 Pay particular attention to the designation of new sites currently enjoying no special conservation status at national level, as a first step towards developing measures for their conservation and wise use. [CPs]

- This question was not considered in the National Reports for COP7. It will be included for consideration in the NRs for COP8.
- Global Target All CPs to consider this approach to ensuring the long-term conservation and wise use of wetlands that are subject to intense human use.

Has your country designated wetland sites for the Ramsar List which previously had no special conservation status? Yes

If No, what has prevented this from happening? Please elaborate.

If Yes, please provide details. MANY OF THE 35 SITES INCLUDE PROTECTED AREAS OF DIFFERENT STATUSE AND AT THE SAME TIME COVER UNPROTECTED TERRITORY. SOME OF THEM DIDN'T INCLUDE ANY PROTECTED AREAS: KAMA-BAKALDINO MIRES, LOWER DVUOBJE, UPPER DVUOBJE, GORBITA DELTA, AREA BETWEEN PURA AND MOKORITTO RIVERS, BREKHOVSKY ISLANDS IN THE YENISEI ESTURARY.

ALL THE INFORMATION WITH MAPS HAS BEEN PUBLISHED IN THE IVOLUME OF WETLANDS IN RUSSIA.

AND: Are there plans for further such designations? Yes

If No, why not? Please elaborate.

If Yes, please elaborate. ACCORDING TO THE RESULTS OF INVENTORY 166 SITES ARE ON THE SHADOW LIST. 41 SITE ARE SUDGESTED FOR THE DISCUSSION AS PRIORITY ONES.

Proposed national actions and targets: TO DISCUSS THE LIST WITH RESPONCIBLE AUTHORITIES, NGO, SCIENTIFIC INSTITUTES, FINALISE IT AND PREPARE FOR DESIGNATION.

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action:

MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURSES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

- 6.2.5 Consider as a matter of priority the designation of transfrontier wetland sites. [CPs]
- The issue of transfrontier or shared wetlands is addressed in the Guidelines for international cooperation under the Ramsar Convention (COP7 Resolution VII.19) and the Guidelines for integrating wetlands into river basin management (COP7

Resolution VII.18).

• Global Target - By COP8, for there to be over 50 transfrontier wetland sites designated under the Convention.

For those CPs which 'share' wetlands with other CPs, have all suitable sites been designated under the Convention? Yes

If **No**, what has prevented this action being taken? **Please elaborate.** 

If **Yes**, are there arrangements in place between the CPs sharing the wetland for the cooperative management of the site? **Yes** 

If **No**, what has prevented such arrangements from being introduced? **Please elaborate.** 

Proposed national actions and targets: CREATE POTENTIAL FOR CARRYING OUT OF THE STRATEGY FOR WETLAND CONSERVATION IN THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action: MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURSES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

ηηη

#### **GENERAL OBJECTIVE 7**

TO PROMOTE INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AND MOBILIZE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR WETLAND CONSERVATION AND WISE USE IN COLLABORATION WITH OTHER CONVENTIONS AND AGENCIES, BOTH GOVERNMENTAL AND NON-GOVERNMENTAL

Operational Objective 7.1: To identify international and/or regional needs for managing shared wetlands and shared catchments, and develop and implement common approaches.

#### **Actions - Global and National Targets**

7.1.1 Identify transfrontier wetlands of international importance (including those within shared catchment/river basins), and encourage preparation and implementation of joint plans for such sites, using a "catchment approach" (Recommendation 5.3). [CPs, Partners]

Refer to 6.2.5 above.

- 7.1.2 Encourage twinning of transfrontier wetlands, and of other wetlands with similar characteristics, and use successful cases for illustrating the benefits of international cooperation. [CPs, Bureau, Partners]
- Both the Guidelines for international cooperation under the Ramsar Convention (COP7 Resolution VII.19) and the Convention's Outreach Programme (COP7 Resolution VII.9) promote site twinning as a mechanism for accelerating the flow of knowledge and assistance and promoting training opportunities.

• Global Target - By COP8 to have in place over 100 Ramsar site twinning arrangements. The Bureau will keep a record of which sites are twinned and make this available through the Convention's Web site.

Does your country have Ramsar sites twinned with those in other CPs? Yes

If **No**, what has prevented this from happening? Please elaborate.

If **Yes**, please note how many such twinning arrangements are in place and indicate which sites are involved.

AND: Do these arrangements involve:

- sharing of information resources? **Yes**
- transfer of financial resources? No
- exchanges of personnel? Yes
- other activities? Please elaborate.

Proposed national actions and targets: CREATE POTENTIAL FOR CARRYING OUT OF THE STRATEGY FOR WETLAND CONSERVATION IN THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action:

MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURSES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

Operational Objective 7.2: To strengthen and formalize linkages between Ramsar and other international and/or regional environmental conventions and agencies, so as to advance the achievement of shared goals and objectives relating to wetland species or issues.

#### **Actions - Global and National Targets**

7.2.1 Participate in, or initiate, consultations with related conventions to foster information exchange and cooperation, and develop an agenda for potential joint actions. [SC, Bureau]

• Global Target - A Joint Work Plan between the Ramsar Convention and the Convention to Combat Desertification which encourages cooperative implementation of both at the international, national and local levels.

Refer also to 4.2.1. Does there exist a mechanism (such as an inter-ministry committee) at the national level with the charter of coordinating/integrating the implementation of international/regional conventions/treaties to which your country is a signatory?

If No, what are the impediments to such a mechanism being introduced? THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION DIDN'T SIGHNED THE CONVENTION TO COMBAT DESERTIFICATION

If **Yes**, describe the mechanism and the conventions/treaties it is expected to consider.

AND: Has the mechanism proven to be effective? No Reply

If No, why not? Please elaborate.

If **Yes**, please elaborate.

Proposed national actions and targets: PROLONG ACTIVITIES AGAIST DESERTIFICATION IN KALMYKYA REPUBLIC

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action:
MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURSES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

7.2.2 Prepare project proposals together with other conventions and partner organizations, and submit them jointly to potential funding agencies. [CPs, SC, Bureau, Partners]

For eligible countries, have there been project proposals prepared and submitted to funding agencies which were intended to assist with implementation of the Ramsar Convention?

Yes/No

If No, what has prevented this from happening? THERE IS NO SPECIAL COUNCIL COORDINATING ACTIVITIES UNDER DIFFERENT CONVENTIONS

If Yes, were such proposals successful in gaining funds? Yes - IN THE FRAMEWORK OF GEF PROJECT "BIODIVERSITY CONSERVATION IN RUSSIAN FEDERATION" SOME FUNDS WERE EFFECTIVELY USED FOR WETLANDS CONSERVATION.

Proposed national actions and targets: CREATE POTENTIAL FOR CARRYING OUT OF THE STRATEGY FOR WETLAND CONSERVATION IN THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action:

MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURSES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

- 7.2.3 Strengthen cooperation and synergy with the Convention on Biological Diversity, in particular as regards inclusion of wetland concerns in national biodiversity strategies, and planning and execution of projects affecting wetlands. [CPs, Bureau, Partners]
- Global Target To see the Joint Work Plan implemented in full and resulting in cooperative implementation of both Conventions at the international, national and local levels.

Further to 7.2.1 above: Has there been a review **completed** of the Joint Work Plan between Ramsar and Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD) to establish the areas of priority for cooperative implementation of these Conventions? No

If **No**, what has prevented such a review being done? **THERE IS NO INSTITUTIONAL POTENTIAL** 

If **Yes**, what are the areas established as priorities for national cooperation between Ramsar and CBD implementing agencies/focal points?

Proposed national actions and targets: **DEVELOPMENT OF INTERNATIONAL** 

#### COOPERATION TO ENSURE WETLAND CONSERVATION

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action: MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURSES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

7.2.4 Develop cooperation with the World Heritage Convention and UNESCO's Programme on Man and the Biosphere (MAB), especially as regards wetlands designated as World Heritage sites, Biosphere Reserves and/or Ramsar sites. [CPs, Bureau, Partners]

• Global Target - A Memorandum of Cooperation with the Man and the Biosphere Programme, leading to Joint Work Plans with the MAB Programme and with the World Heritage Convention which encourages cooperative implementation of both at the international, national and local, levels.

Refer to 7.2.1 above.

7.2.5 Enhance Ramsar's contribution to international cooperation on shared wetland species, notably through cooperative arrangements with the Convention on Migratory Species, flyway agreements, networks and other mechanisms dealing with migratory species (Recommendation 6.4). [CPs, Bureau, Partners]

- The Guidelines for international cooperation under the Ramsar Convention propose an increase in the joint efforts between Ramsar and CMS (COP7 Resolution VII.19)
- Global Target A Joint Work Plan between the Conventions which encourages cooperative implementation of both at the international, regional and national and local levels.

Refer to 7.2.1 above.

7.2.6 Develop Ramsar's contribution to wildlife trade issues affecting wetlands, through increased interaction with CITES. [Bureau]

- The Guidelines for international cooperation under the Ramsar Convention propose an increase in the joint efforts between Ramsar and CITES (COP7 Resolution VII.19)
- Global Target A Memorandum of Cooperation with CITES, leading to a Joint Work Plan between the Conventions which sees cooperative implementation of both at the international, national and local levels.

Refer to 7.2.1 above

7.2.7 Initiate links with the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change, in view of the potential impacts on wetlands of climate change. [CP, Bureau]

• Global Target - A Memorandum of Cooperation with UNFCCC, leading to a Joint Work Plan between the Conventions which encourages cooperative implementation of both at the international, national and local levels.

#### Refer to 7.2.1 above.

7.2.8 Extend cooperation with conventions and agencies concerned with conservation and wise use of wetlands at regional level, and in particular: with the European Community, as regards application of its Habitats Directive to wetlands, and adoption and application of measures like the Habitats Directive for wetlands outside the states of the European Union; with the Council of Europe (Bern) Convention on the conservation of European wildlife and natural habitats as regards the Pan-European Biological and Landscape Diversity Strategy; with the Barcelona Convention and Mediterranean Action Plan in relation to the MedWet initiative; with the Western Hemisphere Convention; with UNEP programmes, in particular the Regional Seas Conventions; and with the South Pacific Regional Environment Programme (SPREP). [CPs, Bureau]

• Global Target - With the European Commission and SPREP, develop and sign a Memorandum of Cooperation and prepare and implement a Joint Work Plan. For Medwet, secure the long-term funding base for this important initiative and continue to develop new programmes of regional action. For the others referred to, and others which are appropriate, develop an appropriate working relationship.

Refer to 7.2.1 above.

7.2.9 Develop relationships with other specialized agencies that deal with wetland-related issues, such as the International Coral Reef Initiative (ICRI) and the World Water Council (COP7 Resolution VI.23). [Bureau]

• Global Target - To progress to closer working relations with these and other relevant initiatives, as appropriate.

Refer to 7.2.1 above.

Operational Objective 7.3: To ensure that the development assistance community, and multinational corporations, follow improved wetland practices such as the Wise Use Guidelines in developing countries and countries whose economies are in transition.

#### **Actions - Global and National Targets**

7.3.2 Work with multilateral and bilateral development agencies and multinational corporations towards a full recognition of wetland values and functions (Recommendation 4.13), and assist them to improve their practices in favor of wetland conservation and wise use taking account of the *Guidelines for Aid Agencies for Improved Conservation and Sustainable Use of Tropical and Sub-Tropical Wetlands*, published by OECD's Development Assistance Committee (Recommendation 6.16). [Bureau, Partners]

Global Target - At the Bureau level, to consider ways and means to increase its
ability to work more systematically in this area, so as to increase the level of donor
agency support for wetland conservation and wise use activities, and to see an
increasing number of multinational corporations adopting voluntary codes of
conduct for protecting wetlands.

While this action is directed at the Bureau principally, CPs also have a role to play in this area; refer to 7.4.2 below with respect to bilateral development agencies. For the multilateral donors: Is your government represented on the governing bodies or scientific advisory bodies of the multilateral donors, or the GEF? Yes

If **Yes**, has this person/agency/ministry been briefed on the obligations of your country under the Ramsar Convention, and the relevant expectations raised of each CP by the Strategic Plan and COP decisions? **Yes** 

Additional comments?

7.3.3 Interact with multilateral development agencies and through bilateral development programmes, to assist developing countries in meeting their Ramsar obligations, and report on actions taken and results achieved (Recommendation 5.5). [CPs]

Refer to 7.4.2 to 7.4.6 below.

Proposed national actions and targets: CREATE POTENTIAL FOR CARRYING OUT OF THE STRATEGY FOR WETLAND CONSERVATION IN THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action: MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURSES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

Operational Objective 7.4: To obtain funds to fulfil obligations contracted under the Convention, notably for developing countries and countries whose economies are in transition.

#### **Actions - Global and National Targets**

7.4.1 Allocate funds for conservation and wise use of wetlands in the budget of each Contracting Party. [CPs]

• Global Target - By COP8, to see allocations for wetlands made by all CPs and also for specific wetland programmes in more than 40 CPs.

Does your government allocate funds for wetland conservation and wise use activities?

Yes/No

If **No**, what are the impediments to this happening? **DUE TO DIFFICULT ECONOMIC SITUATION IN THE COUNTRY** 

#### If **Yes**, is this:

- As a separate allocation to a Wetlands Programme (or similar)? No
- As part of a broader allocation for the environment? Yes
- As part of the programmes maintained by a range of Ministries? No

AND: What mechanisms are in place for determining priorities and coordinating the expenditure of these funds? **FUNDS DISTRIBUTE THROUGH FEDERAL BUDGET TO** 

#### THE STRICK PROTECTED AREAS, WHERE WETLANDS ARE LOCATED

Is it linked to a National Wetland Policy, Biodiversity Plan, Catchment Plan or something similar? Yes IT IS DONE IN ACCORDANCE WITH NATIONAL STRATEGY OF BIODIVERSITY CONSERVATION OF RUSSIA AND NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL ACTION PLAN.

Proposed national actions and targets: CREATE POTENTIAL FOR CARRYING OUT OF THE STRATEGY FOR WETLAND CONSERVATION IN THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action:

MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURSES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION,
WETLANDS INTERNATIONAL RUSSIA PROGRAMME

7.4.2 Include projects for conservation and wise use of wetlands in development plans funded by development assistance agencies, and ensure the latter consult the Ramsar administrative authority in each Contracting Party. [CPs]

• Global Target - To see this trend continue such that all eligible CPs are receiving donor support for a range of major wetland-related projects by the time of COP8. In particular, to see this support being provided, as appropriate, for the priority areas of policy development, legal and institutional reviews, inventory and assessments, the designation and management of Ramsar sites, training and communications.

If your country has a bilateral development assistance programme, does it allocate funds for wetland-related projects on a regular basis? No

If No, what are the impediments to this occurring? **EXISTING INSTITUTIONAL POTENCIAL IS UNSUFFICIENT** 

If **Yes**, are these projects subjected to rigorous impact assessment procedures, which take account of the full environmental, social and economic values of wetlands? **No Reply** 

If **No**, why not? **Please elaborate.** 

If **Yes**, is the Ramsar Administrative Authority consulted during the screening and assessment phases of the projects? **Yes/No** 

If **No**, why not? **Please elaborate.** 

AND: Is there a formal consultative process in place (such as a National Ramsar Committee) which ensures that the development assistance agency is fully aware of the Ramsar Convention obligations of the country with respect to international cooperation? No Reply

conguinous of the country with respect to international cooperation.
If <b>No</b> , why not?
If <b>Yes</b> , please elaborate.
Proposed national actions and targets:

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action:

MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURSES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

7.4.4 Mobilize direct funding support from multilateral and bilateral development assistance agencies to assist developing countries and countries whose economy is in transition, in the conservation and wise use of wetlands and in implementation of the present Strategic Plan. [CPs. Bureau]

• Global Target - By COP8 for all the bilateral donors from appropriate CPs to have funds earmarked for wetland projects, and for all of these CPs to have in place mechanisms for consultation between the development assistance agency and their Ramsar Administrative Authority.

Refer to 7.4.2 above

ηηη

## GENERAL OBJECTIVE 8 TO PROVIDE THE CONVENTION WITH THE REQUIRED INSTITUTIONAL MECHANISMS AND RESOURCES

Operational Objective 8.1: To maximize achievement of Ramsar's mission and objectives by evaluating and, if necessary, modifying the Convention's institutions and management structures.

#### **Actions - Global and National Targets**

8.1.9 Promote the establishment of National Ramsar Committees to provide the opportunity for input from, and representation of, governmental and non-governmental organizations, key stakeholders, indigenous people, the private sector and interest groups, and land use planning and management authorities (Recommendation 5.13). [CPs, Bureau, Partners]

Refer to 4.1.2.

8.1.10 Review the designated national focal point in each Contracting Party, with a view to increasing involvement in the work of the Convention from all agencies concerned with the conservation and wise use of wetlands. [CPs]

Refer to 4.1.1

Operational Objective 8.2: To provide the financial resources required to carry out Ramsar activities.

**Actions - Global and National Targets** 

8.2.1 Pay invoiced contributions to the Convention's core budget in full, and promptly at

#### the beginning of each calendar year. [CPs]

• Global Target - During this triennium to achieve full and timely payment of all dues by all CPs. The SC to prepare a proposal on sanctions for non-payment for consideration at COP8 (COP7 Resolution VII.28).

Is your country completely up to date with its annual contributions to the core budget of the Convention? Yes

If **No**, what is the impediment to this being done? **Please elaborate.** 

Proposed national actions and targets: **ENSURE PAYMENT OF CONTRIBUTIONS** 

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action: MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOUSES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

8.2.4 Give priority to funding for training programmes, education and public awareness work, development of the Ramsar Database, and the Convention's Communications Strategy. [CPs, Bureau, Partners]

• Global Target - To secure the resources needed to establish regional training initiatives (like *Wetlands for the Future*) in other regions, to allow the Bureau to progress the implementation of the Outreach Programme, and to support the proposed developments for the Ramsar Sites Database into a fully online and Web-based promotional and planning tool of the Convention.

Refer to 3.3.1 (Convention Outreach Programme), 4.2.4 (Wetlands for the Future).

Operational Objective 8.3: To maximize the benefits of working with partner organizations.

#### **Actions - Global and National Targets**

8.3.1 Strengthen cooperative planning mechanisms with the partners and improve communications and information exchange, including exchange of staff. [CPs, Bureau, Partners]

Refer to 3.2.1 and 4.1.2. Does your country include representatives of the Convention's official International Organisation Partners (BirdLife International, IUCN, WWF, Wetlands International) on its National Ramsar Committees or similar bodies, where they exist?

If No, what prevents this from occurring? Please elaborate.

Proposed national actions and targets: **DEVELOPMENT OF PARTNERSHIP SYSTEM** 

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action: MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURSES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

Operational Objective 8.4: To secure at least one million US dollars per annum for the Ramsar Small Grants Fund for Wetlands Conservation and Wise Use (Resolutions 5.8 and VI.6) and to allocate these funds effectively.

#### **Actions - Global and National Targets**

8.4.1 Develop a strategy for securing at least one million US dollars annually for the Ramsar Small Grants Fund, to be approved by the first full meeting of the Standing Committee after the 6<sup>th</sup> COP (1996) and proceed immediately to its implementation. [Bureau, SC, CPs, Partners]

• Global Target - To establish a mechanism to ensure one million US dollars annually for the Ramsar Small Grants Fund (COP7 Resolution VII.28).

Refer also to 8.2.4. For developed countries, do you provide additional voluntary contributions to support the Small Grants Fund? No

If No, what prevents this from happening? DIFFICULT ECONOMIC SITUATION IN RUSSIAN DOES NOT ALLOY PROVIDE ADDITIONAL CONTRIBUTION

If **Yes**, is an irregular or regular voluntary contribution?

Proposed national actions and targets:

Ministry, agency/department, or organization responsible for leading on this action: